THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

To Our Patrons.
Our aim is to procure accurately, to keep pace with the progress of the day, to be found in the market, and by courteous treatment and reasonable prices to please all.
P. P. P., 36 Government St. Always Open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1894 No. 33

SPECIAL NOTICE

We are making a Specialty of
FINE WATCH REPAIRS
Our men are the Best and our prices the lowest.
You can save trouble and expense by leaving your Watches with
CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
All Work Guaranteed. Jewelers, Government Street.

Special
MANTLE & JACKET SALE
During February
AT THE WESTSIDE
To make room for
Spring Shipments.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

Annual Clearance Sale

In order to Clear the Balance of our Winter Stock, we offer the following Lines which speak for themselves.

15 doz. Men's Braces at 15c. a pair.
Men's Jason Socks at 12 pair for $1.00
10 doz. Men's Wool Mits, 15c. a pair.
100 Gum Coats, all sizes, at $1.50, worth $2.50.
20 doz White Shirts, 50 cts, worth $1.00
90 doz Linen Collars, Men's sizes, $1.00 per dozen.
Boys' Suits and Overcoats from $1.50 up.
Rigby and Melissa, $11, $12 and $13, worth $14, $16 and $18.
20 doz Handkerchiefs at 5 cents each, 19x20.
Men's Parramatta Waterproofs, with Capes, in Blue and Black, $6.50, regular price $9.
We have about 80 first-class McIntoshes, wool lined, all reduced from $5 to $6 each
150 Men's Overcoats, the finest selection in the city.

They all go at Clearance Prices. These are Cash Prices only.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson St.
SALE COMMENCES MONDAY, 29th INST.

THESE ARE THE PRICES

New Price.		Old Price.
$2.00	Of some lines of Ladies' But-	$3.00
2.50	toned Boots which we are	3.50
3.00	clearing out. See these bar-	3.75
3.50	gains in our Johnson street	4.50
	window.	

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

Genuine Macintoshes

A large assortment of these reliable Waterproof Coats for Men and Boys just received from the celebrated house of Chas. Macintosh & Co.
On Sale at
W. & J. WILSON'S, GOVERNMENT ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 6 Douglas St. feb-tf

LOST—On Wednesday Feb. 7th, a black Satchel containing about sixty dollars and receipts; reward will be given by returning same to Times office. feb-1t

FOR SALE—10 1-2 acres of cleared land, with houses, barn, poultry yard, houses and sheds; two springs of excellent water; 100 fruit trees planted in 1892; 1-2 acre of strawberries. Within 5 minute's walk of Prospect Lake; 8 miles from Victoria. Address T. A. Elsden, Heal P. O., Lake District. fe-1w

A YOUNG GIRL wants situation at light house-work; address "M," Times office. Feb. 8-2t

DIGBY FINNAN HADDIES
12½ cts. per lb.
R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

Mortgagee's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I, Joseph Levy, did on the 3rd day of February, 1894, under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain Bill of Sale, by way of Chattel Mortgage, duly filed in the office of the Registrar General of Titles, at Victoria, B. C., take possession of the goods, chattels, stock-in-trade, fixtures, etc., of David Hart, doing business at 110 Government Street, Victoria, B.C., and that I will under power contained in the said bill of sale sell the said goods, chattels, stock-in trade, etc., to satisfy the moneys secured by the same.

Until further notice Mr. H. Emanuel Levy will retain possession and conduct such sale.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 7th day of February, 1894.

Witness: M. Young. JOSEPH LEVY.

War Department Contracts.

Notice is hereby given that separate tenders are required for the contracts enumerated below for Transport by Land and Water in connection with the Esquimalt Defence Works:

No. 1 Contract—Transport by Land.
No. 2 Contract—Transport by Water.

Forms of tender, with conditions of contract and further information can be obtained at the Royal Engineer Office, Work Point Barracks, Victoria, B. C., on any week day between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. up to the 15th February, 1894.

The Secretary of State for War does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

H. H. MUIRHEAD,
Major R. E.,
Commanding Royal Engineer,
Esquimalt, B. C.

Royal Engineer Office,
Work Point Barracks,
Victoria, B. C., 3rd February, 1894.

$10.00 Reward.

The above reward will be paid for the conviction of the party or parties who destroy the glass in the unoccupied houses of the undersigned.

B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, Ltd.,
Feb3-2w 40 Government St.

Atlantic Steamship Agency
CHEAP RATES
To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.
(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Laurentian	Feb. 17
Allan Line, Numidian	March 3
Dominion Line, Oregon	Feb 24
Dominion Line, Labrador	Mch 10
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	Feb 14
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	Feb. 28

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Servia	Feb. 17
Cunard Line, Etruria	Feb 24
White Star Line, Majestic	Feb. 21
White Star Line, Germanic	Feb 28
American Line, Paris	Feb 21
American Line, Berlin	Feb 28
American Line, New York	Mch 7
North Ger. Lloyd, Darmstadt	Feb 17
North Ger. Lloyd, Weimar	Feb 24
Red Star Line, Westernland	Feb 21
Red Star Line, Nordland	Feb 28

For cheap rates and all other information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Gen. Agent.

Your

WILL BE
OPENED
(Also your purse) when you have bought glasses with high strung invented names, and paid an exorbitant price therefor.

When you find that after a week or more, your glasses don't suit you and the seller can't be found.

Then you will come to us for glasses and find that we can suit you perfectly at reasonable prices, and are here at any time to satisfy you.

F. W. NOLTE,
Only OPTICIANS of B. C.,
37 Fort St.

ON RONCADOR REEF

The American Warship Kearsarge Comes to Grief.

ON DANGEROUS NICARACUAN SHOAL

Officers and Crew Manage to Escape to the Rocks.

The Steamship City of Para Despatched to Their Assistance—The History of the Kearsarge—A Historical Vessel—She destroyed the Rebel Privateer Alabama off Cherbourg.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 8.—The old corvette Kearsarge was wrecked on Roncador reef while en route from Port au Prince, Hayti, to Bluefields, Nicaragua. The officers and crew were saved. This news reached the navy department this morning in a cable dispatch dated Colon, and signed by Lieut. Brainer, who reached Colon this morning.

The following is Lieut. Brainard's message to Secretary Herbert telling him of the loss of the Kearsarge: "The Kearsarge sailed from Port au Prince, Hayti, on Jan. 30th, for Bluefields, Nicaragua. She was wrecked on Roncador reef on Feb. 2. Officers and crew are safe." The secretary immediately sent a cablegram to Brainard directing him to charter a vessel at Colon and proceed at once to the assistance of the shipwrecked men. It is presumed they are yet on the reef. Commodore Ramsay, chief of the bureau of navigation, who knows the neighborhood, said that the officers and crew would be in no danger on the reef except in very heavy weather, and they could easily reach Old Providence, an island between the reef and the coast, in their boats. No fears for their safety are entertained. Lieutenant Brainard later cabled the secretary that he had secured the steamer City of Para, and will proceed to the relief of the crew at once.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 8.—The Kearsarge was one of the historical vessels of the American navy. She it was which, on Sunday, June 19th, 1864, fought and sunk the rebel privateer, Alabama off Cherbourg.

The Kearsarge was a third-class wooden cruiser and mounted seven guns in her main battery.

Roncador reef is situated about 200 miles off the coast of Nicaragua, and is one of the most dangerous menaces to navigation in the world.

Alienated Affections.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 8.—Suit was instituted to-day by Della Hershfield against Louis Hershfield, the banker, and his wife Mary for $75,000 damages. The complaint alleges that Della, whose maiden name was Hogan, and who was cashier in a dry goods store, was lawfully married to Aaron Hershfield, cashier of the Merchants' National Bank, in November, 1893. She says she has at all times been a faithful and affectionate wife. Louis Hershfield, who is her husband's brother, and his wife, she said, in December last, being displeased with the marriage, and for reasons unknown, "alienated from the plaintiff the affections of her husband and compelled him to abandon her and leave the state." This left her without support. Aaron Hershfield is reported to be the largest stockholder in the Merchants' Bank and worth half a million. When last heard from he was in New York.

Unclaimed Freight Charges.

Columbus, O., Feb. 8.—A novel revenue bill was introduced in the senate to-day by Avery of Cleveland. It provides that all the unclaimed freight charges in the hands of the railway companies shall be turned into the state treasury. The author states that in cases of large freights many freight bills are paid in a lump sum, which frequently is slightly in excess of the actual legal charge. The firms frequently do not claim the small balances due. One railway in Ohio is said to derive a profit of nearly $75,000 a year from this source, and the aggregate for all the railways in the state is several times that sum.

Midwinter Fair.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—On account of the opposition of local musicians it is said the Iowa state band is to leave the Midwinter exposition and return to Iowa after the 27th inst.

An enthusiastic meeting of Michigan people was held in the city last night to arrange for Michigan's day at the fair, March 12th. Governor Rich and General Alger will be requested to attend. It is announced to-day that Governor Fuller will be present on March 3rd, Vermont's day.

The American Capital.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Sherman presented a memorial of the wool growers' association against putting wool on the free list and asked that the memorial be printed. It was so ordered. A memorial from the San Francisco chamber of commerce praying for the annexation of Hawaii, the laying of a cable from the United States to Hawaii and the completion of the Nicaraguan canal under government control was presented by Perkins. A joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment for woman suffrage was introduced by Wolcott and referred to the committee on woman suffrage.

Secretary Carlisle to-day sent the Senate a communication accompanied by a statement showing the names of subscribers to the new bond offering $117,223 for bonds, whose subscriptions were accepted, their addresses, the amounts allotted at that price, also a statement of the offers to purchase at a higher price than $117,223, which were received and accepted, among them that of C. L. Riker of Chicago. This information was sent the Senate in accordance with a resolution of Senate calling for same.

The memorial of the National Wool Growers' Association presented to Senate by Sherman to-day recites the failure of the association to secure a hearing from the Senate finance committee, and after giving statistics of the magnitude of the sheep-raising industry, with its invested capital of $500,000,000, lays down a number of propositions, the substance of which is that free wool will destroy the wool industry in the United States. That free wool will drain the country to the amount of $30,000,000 annually, and that free wool will not give cheaper clothing.

The resolution presented just before adjournment last evening, that the sergeant-at-arms be directed to bring in absent members, does not appear to have borne fruit.

The executive committee of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, which was organized on July 4th, 1888, to secure democratic party success, met in this city at noon to-day. The sessions will be private.

Murdered by Mexican Bandits.

San Luis Potosi, Mexico, Feb. 8.—L. T. Lawrence, a mining man who came here from Pennsylvania about 18 months ago, was attacked by a band of robbers near Guadalajara, a small town northeast of here, and murdered and robbed. News of the crime was brought here today. Mr. Lawrence was on his way to the city of Tula, in the state of Tamaulipas, and left here about a week ago in company with another American, whose name is unknown to anyone here. The body of Mr. Lawrence was found by the side of the road terribly mutilated with knife wounds. It is supposed his companion was carried off to the mountains by the bandits, who will hold him for ransom.

American News.

Middletown, N. Y., Feb. 8.—Dr. Livingstone of Bennettsville, who astonished his friends two years ago by suddenly recovering the sense of speech and hearing after sixty years of life without the use of either, has just been sent to the insane asylum at Binghamton. Dr. Livingstone was a most successful physician for forty years, using a slate for conducting his business. From the time of the recovery of the use of all his faculties he began to fail in health, gradually drifting into insanity.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 8.—A shooting affray occurred here last night between ex-policeman Starbird of the San Francisco force and J. Hall of this city. The men quarrelled over the attempted identification of one Perkins an alleged footpad, and during the altercation Starbird shot Hall in the breast and left shoulder. Hall at once retaliated, wounding Starbird in the stomach and left lung. Hall will probably recover, but Starbird lies in the hospital at the point of death.

Smuggler Dunbar's Case.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 8.—In the notorious opium and Chinese smuggling cases Judge Bellinger, of the United States district court, this morning overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of William Dunbar, convicted on the charge of opium smuggling. Neither the defendant or his attorneys were present when the decision was read. Sentence will be passed next Monday or Tuesday.

Pacific Fire Chiefs.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—At to-day's session of the convention of fire chiefs of the Pacific coast, Los Angeles was chosen as the place for holding the next annual convention. Spokane withdrew in favor of Seattle, and the contestants were Seattle and Los Angeles. The latter succeeded on a vote of 23 to 8. Discussion of papers was then resumed and the greater portion of the day was thus occupied.

Painted Him Green.

A New Brunswick, N.J., despatch says: There is trouble in store for some frolicsome Rutgers college students, who kidnapped G. M. Ridgway, of Trenton, president of the sophomore class, while he was on his way to one of the fraternity houses. Several freshmen took him to the bank of the canal, where his clothing was removed and his body covered with green paint. Ridgway was compelled to suffer this indignity on account of the actions of the sophomores the night before. The freshmen had their annual dinner on Wednesday night, and had half finished it before the sophomores, who made a practice of stealing the feast, had learned that the event was to take place. The outwitted sophomores attempted to get square by routing out of bed several freshmen in Winant's dormitory who had not attended the feast and painting them green. When the banqueters returned there was a lively time in the dormitory, which the senate, the controlling body of the hall, finally quelled.

Then the freshmen decided to be revenged. They finally decided that the leader of the offending sophomores should have a coat of green paint which should be thicker and be harder to remove than those their own class-mates had received.

Ridgway, president of the sophomore class was the man they wanted. A close watch was kept by the freshmen scouts, who knew he would probably visit one of the fraternity houses during the night. It was dark and cold, and the wind was high. The victim was late in appearing, but he appeared at last. As he passed the waiting freshmen they surrounded him, and before he realized his danger they had overpowered him and were hustling him off toward the canal. In a dark and lonely spot on the bluff, near the seminary buildings, overlooking the canal, the procession halted. A pot filled with green paint was produced and the work of removing Ridgway's clothing was begun. The high night wind chilled young Ridgway as the freshmen disrobed him. The poor boy shrank from the paint brush, but it was no use. When the freshmen got through with him he was covered with green paint. To make the paint stick they added liberal handfuls of flaxseed. Then they allowed Ridgway to put on his clothes. Finally he was led back to Winant's dormitory to spend the rest of the night trying to scrub off the paint and flaxseed. Ridgway looked as though he had lost ten pounds during the night. President Austin Scott has ordered a thorough investigation.

SILENTLY PROTEST

Strange Behavior of Seamen Aboard H. M. S. Canada

NOW STATIONED IN THE WEST INDIES

The Admiral Visits the Ship on Christmas Day.

No Decorations or Hearty Fare Mark the Festive Season—The Admiral Received in Dead Silence—The Canada will Probably be Sent Home to England.

Halifax, N.S., Feb. 8.—There is trouble amounting almost to mutiny, on the British ship Canada, now in the West Indies. It has manifested itself since the ship was recommissioned. The matter has been kept as quiet as possible to prevent its getting into the newspapers. The admiral visited every ship of the squadron on Christmas day, and was received on all the ships in a hearty manner by the men, with the single exception of the crew of the Canada. On board that ship there were no decorations or anything to indicate the festive season. On each mess table was a tin of water and a plate of ship biscuit. The admiral was received in silence by the men, and could get no answers to the questions he put. On Dec. 16th, the Royal Navy sports took place, and not one of the crew of the Canada entered any of the contests. It is rumored that the admiral has asked the admiralty to order the Canada home.

Lobengula a Friendless Wanderer.

Johannesburg, South Africa, Feb. 8.—Advices have been received here that Lobengula is now wandering almost alone in the bush, having been deserted by his followers.

The Paris Fund.

Dublin, Feb. 8.—United Ireland says to-day that the Paris fund of the Irish parliamentary party is about to be released. The conditions on which it will be released, it is said, will leave no ground for controversy between the Irish factions.

Childs' Will.

Philadelphia, Feb. 8.—The will of George W. Childs was admitted to probate this morning. It bequeaths the entire estate to the widow absolutely, and places the valuation of the estate at over $100,000 real, and over $100,000 personal.

Brazilian Matters.

London, Feb. 8.—A Pernambuco dispatch says the torpedo boat Destroyer and five others belonging to Peixoto, have left Pernambuco for the south.

London, Feb. 8.—A deputation of shipowners and others visited the foreign office to-day and protested against the government's neglect of British shipping interests at Rio. They declared that the spirited action of Admiral Benham of the American fleet has been the means of freeing American ships from restrictions. The deputation were told that the complaint would be laid before Lord Rosebery, foreign minister.

Eastern Canada.

Toronto, Feb. 8.—Patrick J. Duffy, a mail clerk on the Grand Trunk railway, was yesterday committed for trial for having, on January 16th, last, while acting in the capacity of mail clerk on the railway between North Bay and Toronto, abstracted $520 from a letter sent from the postoffice at Huntsville to the Bank of Montreal at Ottawa.

French Column Annihilated.

Paris, Feb. 8.—The governor of Senegal has telegraphed that the French flying column that recently took possession of Timbuctoo has been surprised by the Touaregs and annihilated near that place. No details have been received. A cabinet council that lasted for a long time was held at the Palais d'Elysee this afternoon.

The Prince Likely to Win.

Paris, Feb. 8.—The Colonna case was called in court to-day. Counsel for the Prince addressed the court, expressing the belief that the Princess had taken passage abroad, and asserted that she had thus acted in order to avoid compliance with the order of the court. He urged that the court therefore restore the father as guardian of the children. Judgment will be given on Thursday, when it is expected the court will decide in favor of the Prince.

The Emerald Smugglers.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—Phenix, a special agent of the treasury department, who has been at work on the sloop Emerald smuggling cases, went north on Tuesday, his destination being, presumably, Victoria. It is thought Voss and Svenson, two of the ringleaders of the smuggling gang are there, having forfeited their bail of $500 each, given in a minor smuggling case. Special agent Cullom of the northern district, went to Victoria and exercised his persuasive powers on Voss and Svenson in the effort to induce them to return here and turn state's evidence. He offered them immunity from punishment, but in view of the fact that witnesses in the Portland cases who received the same guarantee were convicted and are now in jail, while the leaders of the ring are out on bail awaiting a new trial, the men now in Victoria met with contempt these promises of immunity from punishment. It is to inspire them with greater confidence in the promises of the government officials that Agent Phenix is upon his way north.

VETERINARY.

F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc., late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., of Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 102 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad-street and Trounce avenue. fe30tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's regular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Roemer, Five Sister Block. 24

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 2, S.W. corner of Five Sister Block, 2nd flat, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dill Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. jal3

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street is open daily from 10 a.m., to 5 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. JAS. BROWN, Secretary. jy28

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. JAS. BROWN, Secretary. jy28

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, 1-19 Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 2,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PEMBERTON, oct29 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., Wholesale and Retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 58

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Ghase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conduction, perfect adaptation, thus giving to all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934 Douglas Street.

If Others Failed
To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.
C. TH. LUNDQUIST
Expert Watchmaker, 37 Fort St.,
Chronometers, repeaters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. s14-tf

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

NOTICE

I have this day admitted Mr. John Turner as a partner in my business, which hereafter will be continued under the firm name of Perry & Turner. W. H. PERRY.
Victoria, B. C., February 1st, 1894.
fe-2w

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. D. H. Adams, after this date.
Dec. 23, 1893. D. H. ADAMS.

National Electric Tramway & Lighting Co., Ld.

Notice is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the company will be held at the company's office on Monday, the 12th instant, at 11 a.m.
C. T. DUPONT, President.
Feb5-7-9

AMUSEMENTS

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Friday, Saturday, Feb. 9 & 10
EVERYBODY'S FAVORITE
Fanny Rice
And her great Comedy Company.
Friday Night,
The hilariously funny musical comedy
"A Jolly Surprise"
Saturday Night,
Miss Rice's latest comedy sensation
"Miss Innocence Abroad"
SEE Miss Rice as the Costermonger; Miss Rice as Lottie Collins; Miss Rice as Adeline Patti.
HEAR "It Takes a Girl to Do It, Every time." "Oh! Sophie!" "I Love You." "Married Life." "Toddle-Oddle." "What a Fellow Would do for a Girl."
Each performance begins with an Offenbach Operetta.
Seats $1.50, etc., and 50c. now on sale at Jamieson's.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Poultry and Dog SHOW
TO-DAY and TO-MORROW,
City Market.
Admission, 25 cents.
Don't Miss It.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A Girl to do general housework. Apply 75 Johnston St. feb6tf

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 25cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-o11

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House and grounds, nicely cultivated, very cheap, also some choice lots at a bargain, James Bay. Hall, Gospel & Co., 100 Govt. Street. f1-1m

A RARE SNAP FOR SALE—The finest business that can be desired, being two large branches of the Paragon Oil business in the States, with 2c. per gallon royalty on oil sold in two other large cities and other rights pertaining to the Paragon Oil Can. The plant alone is worth more than is asked for the whole. Two good men can make a large fortune in a short time. Easy terms. Apply Paragon Oil Co., Victoria. jl7-tf

FARM FOR SALE Or Exchange for city property. Apply Shore's Hardware Store, 57 Johnson St. ja 11-1mo

TO LET

TO LET—Several nicely furnished rooms to let; private family; 190 Yates St. fe7-1w

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET—Adjoining Government buildings, first class bedrooms with use of sitting room and fire; first class house-keeping rooms for married couple. 63 Superior St., James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Esquimalt road on 1st inst., a lady's half-hunter gold watch with initials on back. Finder will be rewarded on leaving same at this office. f2-1w

MISCELLANEOUS

TENDERS—Will be received at 165 Fort St., until Monday, the 12th inst., for clearing and grubbing one and three-quarter acres in Esquimalt District. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. f7-td

WANTED—A partner with $4,000 or $5,000, to run a first-class business; good profits. Address A1, Times office. fe7-6t

SLOOP OR SCHOONER RIGGED BOAT wanted, 3 to 6 tons; state price. Address "Cheap," Times office. f6-tf

CENTURY DICTIONARY—Any person having a Century Dictionary (6 vols.) which can be bought cheap, can find a purchaser by writing to "Lexicon," Times office. j31

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The Daily Times.

IT WILL NOT WORK.

The government organ in order to put Mr. Kitchen in the wrong, classifies Messrs. Wilson, Horne, Punch and Kellie as government supporters. These gentlemen may be government supporters now, but they classed themselves independents at the time of the elections, and they were so classed by the Colonist. In its issue of June 4, 1890, that paper gives a list of the candidates, and in that list appears the names "Chas. Wilson (Ind.)," "J. W. Horne (Ind.)," "James Punch (Ind.)," and "James M. Kellie (Ind.)" These gentlemen undoubtedly came before the electors as "Independents." Some Colonistic sophistry is employed in the endeavor to show that the order in council attacked refers to the present time, not to the time of the general election, but that will not go down. The statement objected to refers to "candidates avowedly supporting the government" at the time of the election, not to members of the house who are now avowedly supporting the government. It is hardly possible to get the government out of the trouble by suggesting fresh falsehoods. About the classification of the gentlemen named when they were "candidates" there need be no doubt, since the Colonist would hardly have called them independents if they were really avowed supporters of the government. There is peculiar impudence shown by the Colonist in now placing Mr. Wilson's name among the government's friends, for a few days before the election it spoke of him as follows: "If Mr. Wilson were not an opponent, if there was a spark of reality in his professed friendship for the government, he would never have placed himself in the position of, by any possibility, doing harm to the cause he professes to espouse." We need comment on this no further than to quote the old adage: "Liars have need of long memories." There are other incidents of Mr. Wilson's campaign which it is interesting to recall, as showing at least how very high an opinion Mr. Wilson entertained for the present premier, and how warmly Mr. Davie reciprocated. A few days before the election Mr. Wilson, at a meeting called by himself, spoke thus:

"Criticising Mr. Davie's acts, Mr. Wilson said that two measures had been introduced by him (Mr. Davie) which were of no use. One, the small debts act, which had not been a success at all, and the other an act of which a bench of five judges could make nothing of."

Next evening there was a government meeting, and thereat Mr. Davie thus paid his respects to Mr. Wilson, as per Colonist report:

"Last night Mr. Wilson had upon this platform referred to certain legislation of his (Mr. Davie's). It was strange that he should have assumed his present attitude, when only a few weeks back he had been willing to become a government candidate and take the government platform. Regarding the small debts act he (Mr. Davie) would say that it had been introduced four years ago at the request of the board of trade of Victoria. It had worked well outside of the city, but the appointment of county court judges having rendered the act unnecessary, the government concluded to abolish it. When, however, this became known numerous petitions came from Vancouver and Nanaimo that it be not repealed. As to the county court act, Mr. Wilson had said that it had been differently interpreted by five judges. But all this had arisen out of a deed which Mr. Wilson himself had prepared and out of a transaction he had managed.

Mr. Wilson—That is false.

Mr. Davie—It is the fact, nevertheless; not that any fault was to be found with Mr. Wilson's work, but it was just as unfair to blame the draughtsman of the act for causing the litigation as it would Mr. Wilson for drawing the deed and superintending the business under which the trouble had arisen."

The gentleman whom we are now asked to regard as a "supporter" of the government had apparently a very poor opinion of the attorney-general's veracity, as well as his ability. His reply to Mr. Davie's mean attack was as follows:

"Mr. C. Wilson said that during the canvass he had shown no hostility to either party. When Mr. Davie had last night challenged him to attack any measures of the government which he (Mr. Wilson) disapproved, he singled out two measures of Mr. Theodore Davie's; they were not government measures, but they emanated from Mr. Theo Davie himself, who declared that litigation in connection with one bill had been due to his (Mr. Wilson's) own action. A baser or meaner slander had never been uttered against any man. Mr. Davie had not only attacked him as a man but as a lawyer. He had said that the litigation had arisen out of a case in his office, but in this case Mr. Davie was associated with him, because he had drafted the law that was concerned. It only contained five lines, but had been before five judges, and not one of them could tell what it meant."

It may be noted that Mr. Wilson's opinion of the present head of the government was about the same as that the Colonist entertained and expressed at a later period, and to which it would probably still be adhering if an unfortunate combination of circumstances had not compelled it to choose between independence and self-respect on the one hand and bread-and-butter on the other. We may close with a remark offered by Mr. Wilson at the same meeting in reference to the men who composed the real government ticket, and whom the Colonist most vigorously supported: "They were at loggerheads in business, and outside of this question of the straight ticket could not agree in politics. If elected they would be found each pulling his own way and for his own interests."

A WRETCHED GAME.

Within the last few months Premier Davie has paid at least two visits to Chilliwack, once when the fair was held and more recently to address a political meeting. If we mistake not he was banqueted on both occasions by a few faithful admirers. Yet the people of Chilliwack, we are now told, have found it necessary to "send a delegation of sturdy yeomen to the capital to represent the wants of the district to the government." These wants, we are further told, "are a railway, dykes, public roads and a court house." Then the information is added that the delegation was made necessary because the people "do not see that Mr. Kitchen has done anything to get any of these things for them." And is it possible that Mr. Davie made his two visits to the district without being told what the wants of the district were? Nobody is quite so blind as to be unable if he was told, why should it be necessary to send a delegation to tell him again? to see through the game. The premier and the few faithful at Chilliwack have simply planned the delegation scheme for effect. They would like to have the electors entertain the idea that if only Mr. Kitchen were defeated and a government supporter put in his place the district would have its needs properly attended to. The morality of this sort of political intrigue is quite on a par with the morality of the confidence man and the operator who gets money on false pretences. The government organ the other day had the impudence to find fault with the Times for stating that the government pursued this very line of tactics, and today it has the greater impudence to loud its aid in the dirty and disreputable game. We should be sorry to hold so poor an opinion of the people of Chilliwack as to believe that the scheme has the slightest chance of success.

MINING MACHINERY.

To the Editor:—An article from the pen of Capt. R. C. Adams, of Montreal, appearing in the Toronto Empire, and copied by papers throughout the Dominion calls attention to the fact that capital is kept out of the mining camps of the province owing to the heavy duty on machinery from the United States. A further point, applicable to the Kootenay country, but more particularly to this section, occurs to me, viz:—Should the Wilson bill pass the American congress, all copper ores, matte, etc., will be placed on the free list. All of the large copper properties in this district lie near the boundary line, and in every instance it is down grade into the United States, where good water powers are available, and ore could be treated at a moderate cost. This ore could be removed to reduction works, as situated, by gravity tramways, and short electric lines, at a trifling cost per ton. This would help to the province the advantage of large reduction works, and the consequent increase in population, as well as the wealth derived from the mines, the product of which would all be shipped away and nothing to show for it on this side except the money expended in the actual work in the mines. The Canadian people do not seem to care about the advancement of the mining interest, and in the majority of cases the property in this district are owned by Americans. This is not due to any predilection on the part of the Yankee for Canadian investments, but to the fact that the "snaps" are too much of a temptation to be withstood.

People familiar with the handling of copper are aware that the machinery for reducing it to merchantable product costs ten times as much as the mine and its development. If an American can handle this ore as cheaply in the United States and save the high duties on machinery and all other supplies and at the same time avoid the numerous petty fees and dues exacted on this side of the line, he will most assuredly put his machinery where it is under the protection of his own government, and put the most money in his pocket.

Of course the customs official says that mining machinery not manufactured in this country can be admitted free of duty, but find the mining man who will use Canadian machinery, or find a machine that the collector will not say:—"Well, I can't say that a machine just like this is manufactured in Canada, but they make a quartz-mill down in Nova Scotia, and as the quartz-mill is intended to get the metal from the ore and this matting-furnace is also intended to do something of that sort, you must pay duty on it."

To place obstacles in the way of the country's development is surely a short-sighted policy, and it is to be hoped the government will see the necessity of admitting machinery for mining purposes free, at least until our people wake up and cease to make everything on the pattern their grand-fathers used.

PROSPECTOR.
Boundary Creek, Jan. 24.

KOOTENAY TOPICS.

The Week's News From the Mountain Cities and Camps.

DRUMMING UP VOTERS EVERYWHERE

Enthusiastic Citizens Provide a Fund for the Purpose—Slocan Enjoying a Boom—Ore Coming Out by the Hundred Tons.

(Nelson Miner.)

The Kootenay Mail is the name of a new paper which will make its appearance in Revelstoke in a week or two. It will be controlled by a company composed of the leading men of the town.

Messrs. Green Bros., J. L. Retallack, G. O. Buchanan, William Baillie, and Geo. Kane have subscribed a purse of fifty dollars and sent a man into the mountains drumming up names for the voter's list.

An attempt was made in Kaslo a short time ago to resuscitate the Kaslo Board of Trade and reorganize as a purely local board but the people of the town did not fall into line, and the probability is that the Kaslo board will soon be a thing of the past.

Word has been received from Mr. Goodhue, manager of the Kootenay Hydraulic Placer Mining company, to hurry forward improvements ordered, up to date work decided by the Rothschild N. Y., Syndicate to put a force of 200 men to work on the 1st of March, or sooner if the weather will permit.

A. E. Hodgins has commenced active work on the contract with the Nelson Hydraulic company. This week the supplies were started for the grounds and everything will be humming in a day or so. Joe Parkins has been engaged as cook.

Nelson Tribune.

S. E. Barton of Seattle, fire insurance adjuster, is in Nelson adjusting the International hotel loss. As usual, the insurance company will get the best of it.

There is a good opening in Southern Kootenay for a first-class dentist. The people are beggining to tire paying the exorbitant charges demanded by itinerant dentists, who come, stay a few weeks, and leave the country, carrying with them money that rightfully should be kept at home.

The first number of Revelstoke's new paper, "The Mail," is expected to be issued in March.

The active members of the Nelson fire department have adopted a regulation assessing a fine for using "cuss words" at fires. Some of the boys who swear are now wondering how much of their yearly stipend they will actually draw down.

The Revelstoke Star is much surprised at the voters' list of the Nelson polling division, as printed by the government showing so few names. The Star will also be surprised when the returns from the election come in.

The collector of voters of the Revelstoke polling division has been instructed to send all the names collected by him to the collector of voters of the Nelson polling division, in order that an accurate list be made out. There are now over 900 names on the voters' list in West Kootenay, and every name that of a real live man.

The ladies of Nelson have undertaken the task of raising funds to purchase a new fire bell.

One day last week a small snow-slide caught one of George Hughes' rawhide outfits when coming down from the Idaho mine. One mule was covered completely over, and the driver, "Long John," and nothing but his head above snow line when the rescuing party arrived. No lives lost.

The Kaslo Examiner raises a great howl because the old city council of Kaslo advertised in outside papers, like the San Francisco Examiner, for proposals to establish industrial enterprises at Kaslo. Outside papers made Kaslo, and its people should not expect to get free advertising all their lives.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Green of Kaslo were "surprised" by their friends on Wednesday evening. The date of the surprise was the fifth anniversary of their marriage. The presents were all of wood.

The hotelmen of Kaslo are "kicking" at the attempt to raise the hotel license from $200 to $400. If the raise is made some of those now in business will seek other fields.

On St. Patrick's day the ladies of the Catholic church will give a fair in Kaslo and a contest for the most popular young lady in the parish. The premium is a beautiful gold watch. The contestants are Miss Mary Scanlan of Nelson and Miss Maggie Ethaire of Kaslo. Rev. Father Acconsini has been working hard since his arrival here, and if there is money in the country, the debt against the pastoral residence at Nelson will surely be paid.

Mr. Hanson intends building a sawmill on the Kootenay, above Fort Steele, and in that event will establish yards at both Fort Steele and Manaville. Mr. Mathers will erect a sawmill near the wagon road between Manaville and the North Star mine, and will establish yards at Fort Steele and Manville.

La grippe has been bad through the district. Five Indians died at the Mission and one Chinaman at the Wild Horse creek.

The winter has been exceptionally mild, with little snow, and on the last day of December a drizzling rain fell in the Fort Steele section.

Mr. Jennings has ten men at work in Victoria gulch, Wild Horse Creek.

Charles Lewis, late foreman at the North Star mine, on St. Mary's river, and formerly a ranchman in the Columbia river valley, committed suicide by cutting his throat at Hanson's hotel in Wasa, on December 28th.

This week a ton and a half of supplies were hoated down the Kootenay to the mouth of Forty-nine creek, whence they will be taken to the scene of operations of the Nelson Hydraulic Mining Company. The contracts let by that company last week will keep a force of twenty men at work for a couple of months. "Joe" Parkin and "Mat" Corrigan have ben awarded the contract for boarding the men.

The Hall Mines, Limited, is using a diamond drill in the Kootenay Bonanza mine on Toad mountain. It is a Sargison hand drill with capacity of 10 feet a day. It is doing good work, the diorite on Toad mountain not being seamy, as in the slate in Slocan district. At present, the drill is in the new shaft on the Kootenay Bonanza and is running through good ore.

For every carload of ore that is shipped from the Slocan mines a carload of hay or grain is shipped in. The only difference is in the tonnage. The ore averages twenty tons to the carload and the feed about eleven. The hay and grain is worth somewhere in the neighborhood of $30 a ton and the ore $125.

Supplies are now being packed up to the Lizzie C, two and a half miles southeast of Nelson, and work on the tunnel will be resumed next week. The claim is one of the LaHata group. Charlie Ewing and George Johnson will do the work.

The Washington mine of Slocan district sent a 1200-pound chunk of ore to the Midwinter Fair at San Francisco. The piece was carefully sampled and yielded $3 2-10 per cent. lead and 150 ounces silver.

The houses and cabins at the Washington and Dardanelles mines, Slocan district, are nearly covered with the beautiful. There is no danger of snow-slides, however, at either place.

Ed Kingeu, Al Palmer and Bob Cameron have leased the Antelope claim, one of the Dardanelles group, Slocan district. They have a fair body of high grade ore to start in on.

The machinery for the Number One concentrator arrived over the Nelson & Fort Sheppard from Bossburg this week, and was loaded on a barge and towed up as far as Balfour. It will be towed through to Ainsworth by the Nelson on Monday. E. D. Carter, who superintended the removal of the machinery, was in Nelson on Wednesday and reported work on the concentrator building well under way. It is more than probable that the machinery will be started up with steam power, as the creek from which the water power is taken is too low at present to furnish sufficient power. The power from that source will, however, be ample in the spring. The Number One company also expect a carload of horses and feed by to-night's train.

J. W. Lowes, manager of the Carpenter Creek hotel at Three Forks, was in Nelson on Monday, and reported the arrival of mail at the Forks that was 31 days coming through from Revelstoke. The mail came down the Columbia to Nakusp, thence by way of New Denver to Three Forks. He also said that there was a daily stage from Three Forks to Kaslo and on three days a week two stages, yet mails were carried but three days a week.

Mining operations in Slocan district are fairly booming, considering that but few of the mines are in the hands of men with large capital and the cost of getting the ore to the steamboat landing so great. The Slocan Star has had to quit hauling ore, as the ore house at Three Forks is chock full. The Alamo is working eight men and is ready to make a shipment of ore. Work has started up on the Queen Bess, and the Freddie Lee people, no longer afraid of snow slides, will resume work at once. S. S. Bailey has completed a rawhide road from the Payne group to Three Forks, and has let a contract to haul ore through to Kaslo. Other regular producers like the Washington, Noble Five and Mountain Chief are making their usual shipments. Over 200 head of stock are used in rawhiding and teaming ore between the mines and Kaslo. Yet people will say there are no mines in British Columbia.

(Kaslo-Slocan Examiner.)

The Noble Five, of which the principal owners are the Hennessey Bros. and McGuigan, is a solid compact body of high grade ore which is being taken out by 20 men at the rate of from 8 to 10 tons per day.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

A prohibition convention was held in Toronto. A deputation headed by Rev. Dr. Potts interviewed Premier Mowat. Sir Oliver made a reply the gist of which is contained in the closing sentences, as follows: "If the decision of the privy council should be that the province has jurisdiction to pass a prohibitory liquor law, as to the sale, I will introduce such a bill the following session if I am then head of the government. If the decision of the privy council is that the province has jurisdiction to pass only a partial prohibitory law, I will introduce such a prohibitory bill as the decision will warrant." The convention held a jubilation meeting afterwards.

Robert Hodgins, a letter carrier of Toronto, has been arrested for stealing registered letters.

Charles Chamberlain, who cut such a prominent figure in the by-election in Winnipeg on November 22nd as an election peddler and alleged impersonator, has been arrested in Toronto by Detective Burrows, and will be taken back to Winnipeg for trial.

The body of an unknown man, aged about 45, was found in the woods near Winnipeg hanging from a tree. Evidently the case was one of deliberate suicide.

A private telegram from Montreal says there is no truth whatever in the reported suspension of Lieut.-Col. Houghton, D. A. G. of this district, for writing in reply to General Middleton's remarks on the Batoche fight.

O. Goyette, mayor of St. Constant and Fort Laprairie, was set upon by footpads at St. Lambert. His watch was stolen and a shoulder dislocated.

Two Grand Trunk trains collided at Warwick. Conductor Therein was killed on the spot and the fireman was seriously injured. The smash-up was a bad one.

Considerable interest is being excited in Binbrook township over the mysterious death of William Brown, son of the late William Brown, and nephew of Councillor Brown, of that township, which took place in Omaha last October. Brown left Binbrook about five years ago and went to Chicago, where he joined the Pinkerton staff. While passing through Omaha on his way to San Francisco he received a blow on the back of the head which rendered him unconscious. He was removed to St. Joseph's hospital in Omaha and died without regaining consciousness. It is supposed that the deceased was struck down and robbed, but the Omaha authorities have done little or nothing to clear up the mystery. Deceased's former comrades on the Pinkerton staff are making inquiries into the circumstances.

Snowing in California.

Dunsmuir, Cal., Feb. 8.—It commenced snowing here about 7 this morning. It is now snowing very hard with little wind; there are prospects of a heavy snow storm.

No other sarsaparilla has equalled Hood's in the relief it gives in severest cases of dyspepsia, sick headache, biliousness, etc.

5 Cases New Spring Goods just to hand.

SQUARE CUT COATS AND VESTS.
SAC AND MORNING SUITS.
TWEED SUITS. MELISSA CAPES.

B. Williams & Co.,

See our All Wool TWEED SUITS. Best value ever shown in Victoria.

Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

BRITAIN'S TRADE.

Statements Which Show How Rapidly it is Declining.

London, Feb. 8.—The publication of the government board of trade returns for 1893 has produced a profound impression throughout the country, and has deepened, if possible, the gloom caused by the present commercial depression. The report fully bears out the statement made some months ago regarding the decline in the imports and exports of Great Britain. The returns show that total imports last year were £405,060,690 as compared with £423,793,882 in 1892, and £435,441,264 in 1891. The value of re-exports of foreign and colonial products also declined last year by nearly 13 million pounds as compared with 1892. Hence the country not merely imported less for its own consumption last year, but it lost the handling of a large amount as brokers, and the usual profit thereon. The value of British exports in 1893 was £218,496,240, as compared with £229,074,695 in 1892, and £247,235,150 in 1891. The apparent balance against the country was £227,627,852 in 1893, as against £126,400,521 in 1891. In response to a request for an analysis of this report for publication in the United States for circulation in commercial circles in that country, a high government official, who also as an international reputation as a political economist, has prepared and furnished the following:—

"The falling off in the past year in our trade—like that of 1892—is mainly in textile fabrics. We have not only imported less raw cotton, but we have re-exported much more—mainly to Russia, which seems to be gradually encroaching on our eastern trade in manufactured cotton goods. The flax and hemp imports still continue to decline, and the wool imports show a large decrease, both in quantity and value, so that in every branch of our great textile industries less work is being done, fewer people employed, and less profit being earned. As a natural consequence our food imports are diminishing also. The value of the living animals imported for food fell from an average of about £9,300,000 in 1891 and 1892 to £6,351,704 last year; and nearly a million pounds' worth less dead meat came into the country last year than in that previous, and nearly half a million pounds worth less than in 1891. The wheat import values have lessened by more than £3,600,000 as against 1892, and more than £3,600,000, as against 1892, and more than £8,250,000 as against 1891, but the decrease here is mainly one of values, the quantities being about the same, which means, as bread still averages the same price, that the middlemen, the millers, and the bakers have divided nearly five millions among themselves at the cost of the public. The imports of wines and spirits have decreased considerably, so that our liquor bill grows, either the home distillers and brewers are benefiting, or adulteration is in full swing, or here again the sellers are profiting by low foreign prices. Our coal exports continue to fall—not in consequence of the great strike, as the miners no doubt would like to make out, but in pursuance of the steady decline noticeable since 1891, and showing last year a decrease in our exports of manufactured textile fabrics and yarns to foreign countries and the east is especially noticeable. The exports of yarns to Turkey, for instance, were £21,529,000 as against £29,854,000 in 1892 and £27,853,000 in 1891; and the exports to Bombay about £11,000,000 as against £14,500,000 in 1892, and upwards of £17,000,000 in 1891. The exports to France fell from about £15,000,000 in 1891 and upwards of £10,250,000 in 1892, to a little over £8,000,000 last year. The Germans are outselling us everywhere, and are actually walking away with our trade in woolen goods, the increase in exported woolen yarns to Germany being as remarkable as is the decrease in the export thither of woolen and worsted goods.

The remaining great shrinkage is in metals and metal manufactures. Including machinery and mill work, the total value for last year was £44,836,752 as against £40,931,313 in 1892, and £55,027,537 in 1891; 1893 showing a decrease of upwards of two million pounds as against 1892, and upwards of ten million pounds against 1891."

One of the leaders of the Social Democratic Federation, commenting on the foregoing statement, declared to-day that the present conditions would materially advance the cause of radicalism and republicanism in Great Britain. Said he: "We have lost the market of the world—thanks to capitalist greed, and the war between capital and labor. Our much vaunted free competition has over-reached itself. We have taught our rivals the blessed principle of buying in the cheapest and selling in the dearest market to such purpose that they have set up business on our own lines and are never at a loss to find an Englishman who will help to ruin his country's reputation for the sake of personal gain. Individualism stands to-day a confessed failure, and Mammon, bankrupt, will soon have to put up the shutters."

American Stock Market.

New York, Feb. 7.—Slightly higher prices reported from London and a disposition on the part of the light waisted "bears" to take in their contracts brought about an advance of 1-4 to 1 1-4 per cent. in prices at the local stock exchange early in the day. General Electric led the rise on favorable rumors evidently put out for the purpose of forcing the shorts to cover. Sugar, Distillers, and Chicago Gas were also firm at this time. In the case of American sugar a small premium was exacted in the loan department; but this soon disappeared, owing to the offering of a block of the stock by a broker identified with the supposed large holders of the stock. The railway lists subsequently sold off fractionally, owing to continued depression in the wheat market. The Grangers Big Four & Missouri Pacific sold down 1-4 to 3-4 per cent.; but, later on, when the industrials rose the whole list improved. A sudden demand set in for the industrials about 2 o'clock, Sugar rising to 83 3-8, Distillers to 30; Cotton Oil to 28 1-2, Lead to 29, and Rubber to 29. The rise brought out fairly large offerings and buying orders were soon supplied. The market then became quiet until just previous to the close when an attack was made on Western Union, forcing the stock down to 82 5-8 against 84 3-4 early in the day. This resulted in a genral decline and the lowest figures of the day were reached in a number of cases. The market closed weak. The late attack on Western Union was ascribed to the departure of a prominent operator for the South. As he has been credited, whether correctly or not, with having sustained this and other stocks on the market recently, the room traders jumped to the conclusion that the "bull" was over for the time being. The old story about selling the treasury stock was again revived to assist the downward movement. The total transactions for the day were 141,293 shares. The general list shows losses of 1-8 to 1 1-2 per cent. The Industrials, however, gained 3-8 to 2 per cent., Louisville & Nashville gained 1-8 and Richmond terminal, 3-8 for the day. Closing bids: Canada Southern, 50 1-2; Canadian Pacific, 70 3-4; Central Pacific, 12; Erie, 13 1-2; Wells Fargo, 123; Great Northern, preferred, 102; New York Central, 100 3-4; Northern Pacific, 4 1-4; Northern Pacific, preferred, 17 1-4; Oregon Improvement, 12 1-2; Pacific Mail, 17; Southern Pacific, 22 1-2; Union Pacific, 18; Bar silver, 64 7-8c. per ounce.

Colonna's Cause Celebre.

Paris, Feb. 7.—No trace has yet been found of the Princess Colonna, stepdaughter of Mr. John W. Mackay, who is suing her husband for divorce and judicial separation. The Princess, who is residing in Paris, was ordered by the court to allow her husband to see the children; but, when the Prince went to the hotel at which she had been living, she had disappeared. It is reported that she has taken her departure for the United States, but both her advocate and solicitor refused to-day to repudiate or confirm this. The solicitor for Princess Colonna will try to bring the matter before the tribunal in Paris to-morrow. The Prince has obtained a writ in a suit he had instituted in Naples, demanding that the Princess return to the marital roof, or in default thereof, that the Prince be appointed guardian of the children. The case will come up for hearing on Feb. 10th. There is reason to believe that the Princess was in the south of France about a week ago. The deduction now is that she is either at Mentone, at which the court gave her permission to reside for the benefit of the health of her children, or that she has taken passage on the North German Lloyd's steamer, which sailed from Genoa last Wednesday for New York.

GERMAN POLITICS.

Emperor William's Speech at the Caprivi Banquet.

Berlin, Feb. 7.—The members of the reichstag who attended the parliamentary banquet given on Monday night by Chancellor von Caprivi, are gradually divulging in the lobby of the reichstag the details of the speeches made on that occasion. It is said that Emperor William praised the Czar, saying: "He is a Prince of Peace like myself." Continuing, His Majesty is reported to have said that his relations with the Czar were excellent and of the most intimate nature, yet should the reichstag reject the coming treaty its enemies would immediately damage Germany. In conversation with one of the Conservative members of the reichstag, the Emperor said that he had carefully studied the agricultural distress and anxiously contemplated remedies to relieve it. Nevertheless, he was convinced the duty on grain of half a mark would be sufficient for the protection of the German farmer. Ten years ago, he added, the farmers would have considered such a protective tariff beyond the range of possibilities.

The Radical newspapers express strongly their approval of the Emperor's forcible words in favor of the Russian commercial treaty. Eugene Richter's Freisinige Zeitung is even inclined to impugn Herr von Levetzow, president of the reichstag, for developing views hardly in harmony with the Emperor's. The Conservatives regard the Emperor's words as intended to exert pressure on the deputies and their journals. The reichstag to-day discussed a motion by Herren Grober and Rickert to amend the election regulations with a view to making them more secret. The motion provided that an isolated room shall be furnished, in which the electors shall write their tickets and place them in themselves. The motion was generally supported, except by the Imperialists and Conservatives.

Herr Levizon, president of the reichstag, has submitted to the Emperor the grievance of the farmers against the financial reform bill. His Majesty listened attentively, and then repeated that the passage of the bill was of high political necessity. By passing it the reichstag would win the lasting gratitude of the Germans. He concluded by saying patriotism and responsibility forbade its rejection.

London, Feb. 6.—The correspondent of the Telegraph at Berlin says the Emperor's outspoken support of the policy of Caprivi, as indicated by his speech at the dinner given by the Chancellor, is highly significant as proving that he does not intend to alter the course hitherto followed, and that there is no chance of a change as a result of the reconciliation with Bismarck. If a struggle occur it will be between the agrarian opposition and the crown. The Emperor's speech has caused a great impression in political circles.

CIVIC SALARIES.

To the Editor: Noticing that the city council are short of funds to give employment to the great majority of the unemployed, would it not be in order for the city council to do what many of the aspirants for aldermanic honors promised if elected to do—proceed to economise in the salaries of our civic officers, and create a fund by such economy which would go a long way to find work for the unemployed. ECONOMY.

Many women find great difficulty in arranging their hair becomingly, because of its harsh and coarse texture. By the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor, the hair becomes soft, pliant, and glossy. The Vigor is the most cleanly of all hair preparations.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 8.—The case of Bishop Bonacum, who was arrested last week on a charge of criminal libel preferred by Father Corbett, of Palmyra, will come up in the local court this afternoon for preliminary hearing. Feeling runs high among the Catholic element, and it is probable that the hearing will be conducted with closed doors. Some time ago Father Corbett preferred charges against the Bishop Mgr. Satolli, but the latter manifested no inclination to give immediate attention to the matter, and the priest therefore decided to avail himself of the ordinary judicial procedure. The charge of which the arrest was made is based on a letter sent to the parishioners of Father Corbett at Palmyra while the priest was absent in St. Louis. The adherents of the church are equally divided between the bishop and the priest.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 8.—A conference of the presidents of the boards of health of the Gulf States, Florida, Louisiana, Alabama, and Texas, is being held here to-day for the purpose of formulating a uniform quarantine schedule governing the tropical fruit trade. As this trade is entirely from countries that are quarantined by the southern states during the summer, and it is constantly increasing it has been regarded as necessary to obtain the views of the health officers of the states concerned in order that a uniform schelule may be agreed upon and maintained.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Representative wool growers from the east and the west assembled at the Ebbett house this morning preparatory to hearing before the finance committee of the state in opposition to any reduction in the duties on wool or woollen goods. This action is in accordance with a resolution passed by a mass meeting of wool growers of the United States at a mass meeting in Chicago last September and by the National Wool Growers' association in October last. There is a full attendance from most of the states and territories. Elaborate arguments have been prepared tending to show that free wool would substantially destroy the wool industry. The delegation is headed by William Lawrence of Ohio, president of the National Wool Growers' association.

New York, Feb. 7.—In the trial of Mrs. Minnie Lange of Brooklyn, charged with attempting, to procure $3,000 from the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Insurance Co., by a fraudulent policy on her husband's life, before the recorder this morning, the jury returned a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to mercy. Defendant was remanded until Friday for sentence.

New York, Feb. 7.—The sale of A. H. Wyant's pictures was continued last night at the Fifth Avenue Art gallery. The attendance was large, and satisfactory prices were realized. The landscape which was withdrawn on Monday night was sold for $750. The large Adirondack scene brought $1025, and another landscape sold for $1850. The evening's sale netted $20,350. The amount realized on the whole collection of 140 pieces was $38,250.

New York, Feb. 7.—The case against "Pony" Moore for assault on Conductor Cohen was dismissed to-day. On leaving the court room Moore was rearrested on a civil suit brought by the conductor for $10,000. Bail was promptly furnished.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 7.—Hon. Henry G. Robson has ben publicly expelled from E. D. Maynard's post on the charge that he never was in the war and that he secured admission to the G. A. R. by forged papers.

Velasco, Tex., Feb. 7.—All the convicts on the Retriever platation, forty in number, escaped yesterday. Bloodhounds are on their track. The convicts are mostly negroes, and were working under the Easy system.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 7.—The Atchison statement for December is:—Gross earnings, $2,088,942; decrease, $481,356; net earnings, $911,815; decrease, $391,022; surplus deficit, $275,184; surplus decrease, $369,002.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 6.—The Mardi Gras festivities reached a climax to-day, and the Crescent City is completely given over to mirth and revelry. The weather is beautiful, the arrangements have moved like clock work, and nothing has occurred to mar the joyousness of the occasion. At an early hour crowds began to flock from all directions towards the central portion of the city, and long before noon the upper portion of Canal street as well as the streets diverging and over which the procession was to pass were simply blocked with spectators. At noon the head of the Rex parade made its appearance at the Clay statue and was enthusiastically received by the populace. His majesty was seated upon a gold emblazoned throne, and repeatedly bowed his acknowledgements of the homage of his faithful subjects. The parade comprised twenty magnificent tableaux, and excelled in picturesque and artistic effects all previous efforts in the same direction. It occupied several hours in passing a given point, the progress being slow owing to the immense crowds. When dusk falls the Mystic Krewe of Comus will take possession of the city and high hilarity will reign supreme. The Rex ball at the Imperial palace to-night will exceed its predecessors in brilliancy, while the Krewe of Comus after having surrendered possession of the streets will wind up the carnival with a ball at the French Opera House.

Brazilian Matters.

Rio de Janeiro, Feb. 7.—The government has decided to decree that martial law shall cease on Feb. 8, and that the presidential elections shall take place on March 1, in accordance with the constitution. Dr. Prudente de Morales, president of the Senate, is the only candidate named for the presidency. He is a civilian from the state of Sao Paolo. It is possible that he will be acceptable to both sides.

New York, Feb. 7.—The Herald's Montevideo cable says that its correspondent in Rio sends word under date of Jan. 30 that da Gama intends to take no aggressive steps at present, unless Peixoto's newly purchased fleet arrives off Rio Bay, and in that case he would fire upon the city with all his ships and make a desperate effort to land his forces between San Renuto and the custom house. A prominent government official says that every man in Rio who is unfriendly to Peixoto has been thrust into jail. Three thousand of these, all told, are now in confinement, including many Portuguese merchants and other foreigners and they are crowded like sheep in filthy prisons. The secret police of Peixoto infest all the hotels and cafes and with their ears and eyes wide open ferret out and arrest "suspects."

General News.

London, Feb. 7.—Sir Algernon Edward West, Mr. Gladstone's friend and companion in Biarritz, arrived here this evening. He said, in an interview, that he left Mr. Gladstone in the best of health. Gladstone had enjoyed his sojourn in Biarritz greatly and was gratified by the benefit which he derived from his vacation. He would return to London probably on February 10. He had been surprised upon learning a definite report concerning his retirement had been published in London, especially as there was no more ground for it than there was to be found in the uncertainty of an aged statesman remaining in office after he had become conscious of his failing health.

London, Feb. 7.—The Daily News says that the principal subject to be discussed at the meeting of the National Liberal faction in Portsmouth next week, is the House of Lords. The federation is expected to express strong and advanced opinions on the prerogative, usefulness and recent conduct of the Peers.

Life is Misery.

To many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

30 YEARS EXPERIENCE.

Tobacco is one of the few articles of manufacture whose real merit can only be found out by actual use. For thirty years we have been making the best grades of tobaccos and we recommend MASTIFF·PLUG·CUT as a reliable and superior article

J. R. PAGE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

"Land Registry Act."

Sections 1 and 2, Quatsino District.

A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to Andrew B. Forbes on the 24th March, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 19th December, 1893. 21-3m

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balances and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

One small fire proof safe for sale very cheap.

TENDERS.

Menzies Street and Michigan Street Surface Drain.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 12th day of February inst., for constructing the Menzies Street and Michigan Street Surface Drain.

Plans and Specifications may be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of the City Engineer.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
Victoria, Feb. 1, 1894. C.M.C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following named street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: First street, between Bay and King's Road.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following named Street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: Stanley Street, from North Chatham to Bodwell Street.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

j11-4f

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to traffic until further notice: Maclure street from south side of Belleville Street to the Public Park, also the north end of Park Street at its junction with Maclure.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

$10 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons injuring or destroying the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. 224

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 102 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

W. J. STODDART,

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.
Repairs of every description.
New York Hotel Building, Yates Street,
Opposite Wilson Hotel.

N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

This is a food you can depend on

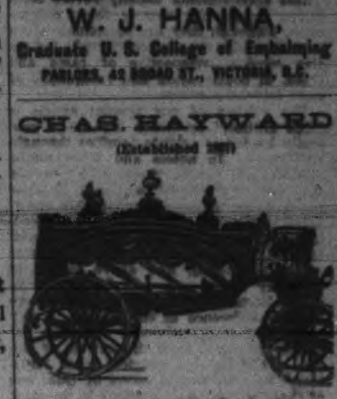
Johnston's Fluid Beef

You cannot get as much nourishment in as small a compass in any other form.

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

W. J. HANNA,
Graduate U. S. College of Embalming
PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)



Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, to be held on the second Wednesday in March, 1894, for a transfer to John Roberts of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Bay View saloon, situate at the corner of Humboldt and Government streets in the City of Victoria.

T. J. RIDEHALGH.

Feb. 1-1m

NOTICE

Municipal Act, 1892.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held in next March for the transfer from myself to Horatio White, of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the "Omineca Saloon" Government street, in the city of Victoria.

M. J. GONLIN.

Dec. 6th, 1893. ja17-30d

NOTICE.

Having purchased the stock of S. L. Kelly & Co., we are prepared to sell at lowest prices a fine line of heating stoves and ranges. Also tinware, copperware, etc. Jobbing and repairing strictly attended to. Hoping for a continuance of favors given the old firm.

Yours etc.,
S. B. KELLY & Co.,
No. 24 Yates St.

j23-1m

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I, John Steward, son of Beaver Creek, have this 1st day of January, 1894, given to Wm. Thompson, of Beaver Creek, my power of attorney to transact any business on my behalf till the 31st day of December, 1894.

JOHN STEWARDSON.

Beaver Creek, B. C., January 1st, 1894.

j12-5t-w

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, Times Office, or Third street Victoria.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
125 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. s19-tf

DO YOU WANT

- To get a situation
- To hire help
- To let a room
- To let a house
- To buy anything
- To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

DOMESTIC SERVANTS IN INDIA

I.—THE BUTLER.

(Written for the Times.)

A gentleman's local standing in India is generally gauged by the number of servants kept, which in a well to do family number about ten. Government employes, however, have several more allotted to them, as office peon, night watchmen, etc., who when incapacitated for further duty are allowed to retire on a small pension from the government. These appointments usually revert from father to son for two or three generations, although they are sometimes given to native military pensioners unfit for active service, irrespective of caste and creed, in continuation and recognition of their faithful services.

The subject of our present article is "The Butler," by which title he is generally known in private families throughout India. In hotels and other public refreshment rooms, however, he carries the title of "waiter," although he does not look for it, unless perhaps his knowledge of English was a little advanced, in which case his dignity is sometimes touched, especially when the order was given in English, and above all things perfectly understood. As I am writing of the Bombay presidency (although there is little difference in the others), I may mention that this class of domestics are largely recruited from the natives of Surat, in the Guzerat district, called "Surtees," as well as the natives of Goa, one of the Portuguese possessions in the west of India, called Goanese. The Surtees make the best servants when trained from their youth, but they prefer working along the coast, where they can get a glimpse of the sea, which seems to be a part of their religion, like the Parsees.

A Surtee's battle with the stern realities of domestic life usually commences as a 'dog boy" or the cook's carrier from market, and as he is usually kept below stairs, he considers it a great honor sometimes to help the butler by carrying the courses at a "burra khana" (big dinner), which by degrees initiates him into the mysterious names of the savory dishes he carries from the kitchen. But woe betide him if in his temporary capacity of assistant butler he should make a false step and stumble or leave any dirty finger marks on the dishes. But accidents will happen in the best regulated families, and the poor dog boy consoles himself while washing up the dishes, which is one of his functions at these dinners, with a good feed of some of the good things in this life, which his philosopher, guide, sometimes friend and caste brother, the head butler, does not begrudge him on memorable occasions like these.

The writer has known the Surtees, Goanese and Madrassees, natives from the Madras presidency, with the exception of Mohammedans, to eat all flesh, fish or fowl. The Mohammedan will not eat pork, prohibited by his religion although he will not object in his capacity of butler to carry it to or touch it at table.

The butler is known to exact little commissions from the milkmen, peddlers, etc., which he considers his perquisites and part and parcel of his contract. This little matter is often arranged between himself and the cook, who is often a Goanese. Differences of opinion, however, sometimes arise between them in the adjustment of this matter, which creates ill feeling and ends in one or the other being "fired." It is, however, much the best to let them settle these little grievances among themselves, which they generally do.

A good butler with a fair knowledge of English and service is an invaluable help to the young housekeeper, more especially if she be new to the country and its language. Although he may not always be above suspicion, still I have found among servants of this class that if he is gently reproved when wrong, and reasonable temptation be removed, he is all that can be desired. If he finds he is trusted in matters pertaining to the table and household, which some of them are very jealous and particular in guarding, it proves a strong incentive to honesty. Of course some of them are incorrigible, and their faults if they cannot be cured must not be endured, and the only effective remedy in these cases is dismissal without a testimonial, which most of them look for and highly prize. They have been known to exchange, and even to falsify, certificates of late employers; and it is considered advisable as a means of security to retain all a man's testimonials during a man's period of service.

Another satisfactory method in an Indian household is to give your orders to the head butler if you have an assistant or second one. It is also well to let him understand the authority imposed in him with regard to the other subordinates except the cook, to whom, from the writer's experience, it is far more satisfactory to give your orders direct in everything which relates to the kitchen. The friction between the butler and the cook in regard to misunderstanding orders is thus lessened, and each become conscious of the duties and responsibilities of the other. These two also, in a great measure, help to keep the other servants within bounds.

The dress of the Surtee butler is a colored round turban, chiefly red, which is neatly folded with a strip of gold lace worked in on the outside end of about six inches. He wears either white drill or tweed trousers, a colored vest and a long white jacket down to his knees, which is made of long cloth and starched. Over this he wears a colored waistband of two or three folds, which is generally the same color as his turban.

This gives a very picturesque effect to the hotels and big dinners when there are about a dozen or more of these flitting around the tables in different colors; and is far prettier than the dress of the Chinese waiter I saw at a hotel in Hong Kong. And this reminds me I never came across a Chinaman in domestic service in India. The Mahommedans and Madrassees dress very much like the Surtees, while the Goanese dress like the European waiter, with their heads uncovered.

The wages of a good butler run from 15 to 20 rupees. With this amount he often has to support a wife and family of half a dozen children, as the pay of an Indian servant seldom includes his food. They generally have free rooms to live in, which are situated about fifteen yards apart from the bungalow or main building, in a row known as the servants' quarters, which also includes the kitchen and stables. In some of the buildings in Bombay, which are three and four stories high, there is only accommodation for the cook, and the other servants have to find their quarters elsewhere.

The Goanese are all Roman Catholics, as well as some of the Madrassees, but the Surtees belong to the Hindoo religion, but not to the Hindoo caste. I never found any ill feeling existing among them, even where they were all employed in the same house, respecting their religious proclivities. When their holidays and festivals came round they were quite contented with a few hours' leave.

Should sickness overtake the butler the domestic machinery is thrown out of gear until a suitable substitute is found to take his place. Feigning sickness, or a visit to his native country to see his parents, are two old dodges for leaving your service. If the substitute answers your purpose the inconvenience is not felt, but when the substitute gets sick too, or, what's worse, takes French leave, as is often the case, the situation is far from pleasant. However, if pay day comes round regularly and the sahib's liver keeps in good working order the butler's lot is often a happy one. The newly arrived bachelor is generally preferred to the married sahib's service. But that is only when the bachelor goes in for housekeeping, as the butler then becomes both private and confidential secretary. It is then when the one-man rule is carried out to perfection.

In politics the butler is a staunch Conservative, although at times he has a strong leaning towards "home rule. He shows little concern in the fate of the rupee and takes rather a broad view in regard to science and political economy in general.

It is only when his master retires and is about leaving India that the butler grasps the situation, which seems to make him prematurely old. And if he has any qualms of conscience for the past he makes up for it by strict devotion and honesty the remainder of his service. He even says that the Sahib and Madam Sahib have been like a father and mother to him, and when the end draws near and the good ship steams out of the harbor, carrying away from him those whom he has had the honor and privilege of serving may be for years, who knows if the old butler's thoughts were anything like the poet's:

Lives of great Sahibs all remind us
They have made our lives sublime,
And departing leave behind them,
A good name in the sands of time.

H. H. B.

Do Coffee and Tea Facilitate Digestion.

This question is treated by C. Falkenhorst in a short paper in the Gartenlaube, Leipzig, December, which he devotes to a review of the recent experiments of Schulz-Schulzenstein, published in the Zeitschrift fur Physiologische Chemie, and designed to throw light on this much disputed question.

This celebrated chemist prepared from the fresh mucous-membrane of a pig an extract which approached very nearly in character to the gastric juice, and first tested it with the albumen of a boiled egg. The operation was completed in eight hours, and 94 per cent. of the substance converted into digested albumen. He then submitted a decoction of tea and coffee, severally, to the action of the same preparation. In the case of the coffee 61 per cent. and in the case of the tea 66 per cent. of the albuminous contents was digested, thus confirming the observation frequently made by physicians that boiling materially prejudices the digestibility of albuminous substances.

Treating more particularly of coffee, he observes that it contains several active principles each of which exercises an influence upon the system. The most important of these are, first, caffein, which raises the activity of the heart, operating in small quantities as a wholesome stimulus, but as a poison when taken in excess; second, an aromatic substance, which operates principally on the nerves, acting, in moderate quantity, as an agreeable stimulus. To this is attributable the phantasies so frequently experienced as a result of coffee-drinking. Thirdly, the coffee bean contains tannin, to which it owes its bitter taste, and this, as is well known, enters into combinations with albumen which materially prejudices the digestibility. These principal substances vary very much with the method of preparation. If the coffee is simply infused in water at the boiling point, and allowed to cool at once, we get little caffein, a great deal more of the aroma, and scarcely a trace of tannin. If we allow the coffee to boil for a time, the aroma is dissipated, passing off with the steam; we get more caffein, and the longer it is boiled, the more tannin is dissolved out.

These experiments confirm the view generally expressed by physicians, that coffee long-boiled prejudices digestion, while a simple infusion facilitates it; but its beneficial action in the latter case is now shown to be due, not to direct chemical action on the albumen present, but indirectly to its action on the nerves of the stomach, promoting the secretion of gastric juice. In other words, its action is physiological, not chemical.

Turning now to tea, he finds its constituents very similar. The tea leaves also contain caffein (called, also, theine), aromatic substances and tannin. Consequently in tea, as in coffee, the properties of the beverage depend very much as to whether it is an infusion or a decoction.

The problem is very simple. The traveller on the march will find himself benefitted most by the caffein, and to secure this the coffee must be brought to, and maintained for a few minutes at the boiling point. But to take boiled coffee after a full meal impedes digestion and heightens the heart's action unduly. On the other hand, an infusion of tea or coffee, taken at such times, facilitates digestion and exerts a wholesome and exhilarating action on the nervous system. Long boiling or stewing near the boil, of either tea or coffee brings out all the tannin, which is always prejudicial to the digestion. As a consequence the practice of keeping tea or coffee hot upon the stove, is a pernicious one.

American News.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 8.—Sylvester S. St. John, a leading capitalist of Kearney, and the Mutual Loan Investment Company of that city, were to-day held for contempt in the supreme court and ordered to appear on Feb. 13th and show cause why they should not be punished. The order is the outgrowth of the failure of the Commercial Savings Bank at Kearney. Fraud was charged against St. John and the investment company, and they were ordered to pay the receiver of the bank $34,000. This order they declined to obey.

With pure, vigorous blood coursing through the veins and animating every fibre of the body, cold weather is not only endurable but pleasant and agreeable. No other blood medicine is so certain in its results as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. What it does for others it will do for you.

A Home Made Galvanic Pair.

A Daniel cell may be cheaply constructed as follows:

Select a small round copper tank or glazed earthenware jar, line the bottom of this with gutta percha or cement to the depth of a quarter of an inch; fix upright in this a rod of pure zinc, a length of copper wire having previously been fixed to the end, a little above the top of the jar, by passing it through a hole drilled in the zinc or by soldering.

Make a cylinder of equal height with the jar, and encircling the zinc rod a little distance, of some porous clay; dry it and make it hot in the fire by degrees until it attains a red heat; by moderately heating this cylinder it will, when placed upon the gutta percha encircling the zinc rod, make a groove which will fix the tube and prevent the infilteration of liquids.

Line the inside of the glazed jar with a plate of thin copper bent into cylindrical form, having a few holes punched in it; through these holes thread another length of copper wire, having its free end of equal length to the wire fixed in the zinc. On the top of this copper cylinder place a flat ring of copper pierced with holes and nearly but not quite touching the porous cylinder. This forms the battery. If a copper tank is used instead of the jar, the copper cylinder may be dispensed with, the copper tank taking its place, having the perforated ring fixed to it; fix the length of copper wire to it by soldering; see that there are no holes in the tank, as it must contain liquids.

In charging the battery you may use a solution of sulphate of copper, poured between the copper and the porous cylinder, some crystals of salt having been placed on the perforated ring, so as just to be in contact with the solution. The clay tube is then filled with a solution of sulphate of zinc, common salt or sal ammoniac.

Let it stand over night and it will be ready to be set up in some permanent, warm and dry place in the morning.

Avoid disturbing the liquid until it is to be recharged. R.W.N.

Foreign.

London, Feb. 7.—General F. W. Kitchener, sirdar of the Egyptian army, has been knighted with the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George. Justice Scott, judicial adviser to the Khedive, has received the same honor. General Kitchener was offended so deeply by the Khedive's recent strictures upon the discipline of the Egyptian army, that he resigned his office. He was induced by the Khedive, however, to reconsider this action.

Berlin, Feb. 7.—It is reported that a great transatlantic steamship company is formed in St. Petersburg. The capital is said to be 20,000,000 roubles. The aim of the founders is to improve trade between Russia and North America, especially between Black Sea and United States ports, which are to be brought into direct communication by a regular steamship service. The plan is said to have been made during the Chicago fair.

London, Feb. 7.—The Marquis of Londonderry, Conservative, in speaking in Greenwich this evening, said the next Unionist ministry ought to settle the Irish land question. Steps should be taken to facilitate purchase and to enable the land to become owned. The establishment of a board of agricultural instruction would help develop Ireland's resources. These and a few other steps along the same line would stop the source of trouble in Ireland.

Hall's Hair Renewer contains the natural food and color-matter for the hair, and medicinal herbs for the scalp, curing grayness, baldness, dandruff, and scalp sores.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,
5 Gordon Street, Victoria.

Families and single gentlemen who desire first class accommodation for the winter will do well to call at the Douglas House and get prices.

Special rates will be given to permanent guests.

MRS. J. ECKERSLEY.

Every household should be supplied with a bottle of

STAMINAL.

It makes delicious Beef Tea in one minute by merely adding hot water.

It contains the virtue of Beef and Wheat and the tonic qualities of Hypophosphites.

Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
7 Government St., James Bay Bridge.
Mechanics, Laborers, Domestics,
And help of all kinds furnished on short notice, free of charge.
We respectfully ask your patronage.
J. W. BROWN & CO.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.
ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.
The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.
THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.
Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.
7 00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.
Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

An Ideal Food for Infants.

MILK GRANULES
WITH
CEREALS.

A combination of the perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk and the finest Barley, specially treated to render it easily digestible.

Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co.

WEAKNESS OF MEN
Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

A Common Error.

Chocolate & Cocoa are by many supposed to be one and the same, only that one is a powder, (hence more easily cooked,) and the other is not.

This is wrong—
TAKE the Yolk from the Egg,
TAKE the Oil from the Olive,
What is left?
A Residue. So with COCOA.

In comparison,
COCOA is Skimmed Milk,
CHOCOLATE, Pure Cream.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER
ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 50 MILLION POUNDS.
If he hasn't it on sale, send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, 12 & 14 St. John Street, Montreal.

Real Estate.

200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR ....Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.
142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WA....ter front and about 700 cords of wood ....cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good ....terms; $35 per acre.
100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES ....planted; $1000; good terms.
250 ACRES—THREE-FOURTHS MILE ....fine water front, good land, partly ....cleared; good house and stables; splendid locaton for fishing and shooting and ....boating; low price and good terms, or ....exchange partly for cash and city property.
80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH ....house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; ....cheap.
10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, ...close to Saanichton railway station; ....$1000 and $1500, according to position; ....very easy terms and low interest to ....parties buying to improve.
2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close ....to good stream of water; $300.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO
RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays.
		Ar.	Ar.
0	WELLINGTON	8 00 A M	2 00 P M
2	NANAIMO	8 20	2 20
4	OYSTER BAY	8 30	2 30
6	CHEMAINUS	8 45	2 45
10	DUNCANS	9 05	3 05
15	MORTIMERS	9 25	3 25
18	SOMENOS	9 35	3 35
20	COBBLE HILL	9 45	3 45
24	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	9 55	3 55
28	GOLDSTREAM	10 05	4 05
30	SUTTON SIDING	10 15	4 15
32	ESQUIMALT	10 25	4 25
34	VICTORIA	10 35	4 35
		Dp.	Dp.

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. Passenger Saturdays.
		Dp.	Dp.
0	VICTORIA	8 00 A M	2 00 P M
2	ESQUIMALT	8 10	2 10
4	SUTTON SIDING	8 20	2 20
6	GOLDSTREAM	8 30	2 30
10	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	8 40	2 40
14	COBBLE HILL	8 50	2 50
16	MORTIMERS	9 00	3 00
19	SOMENOS	9 20	3 20
24	DUNCANS	9 30	3 30
28	CHEMAINUS	9 50	3 50
30	OYSTER BAY	10 05	4 05
32	NANAIMO	10 15	4 15
34	WELLINGTON	10 30 A M	4 30 P M
		Ar.	Ar.

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
E. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P M

Walla Walla - - Feb. 12

E. P. BITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Americas' Greatest Railway.

DAILY TRAINS to all points East and South East.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED SLEEPERS to St. Paul and Montreal without change.

UPHOLSTERED TOURISTS CARS to St. Paul, Toronto, Montreal, Boston, without change.

FARES ..... CHEAPER ..... THAN ANY ..... OTHER ..... ROUTE ..... $5.00 ...TO... $10.00

All Atlantic Steamship Companies represented. Tickets to and from all points in Europe and America.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria, B. C.
GEO. McL. BROWN, D. P. A., Vancouver.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC
Steamship Co'y.
In connection with
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD COMPANY
The Shortest Route to
JAPAN and CHINA

Proposed Sailings of Steamers
1893-1894.
(Subject to alteration.)
WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria ..... Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma ..... Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul ..... Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria ..... Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma ..... April 4th
Steamship Mogul ..... April 25th
Steamship Victoria ..... May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
General Agents, Victoria.
Or R. H. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
—AND—
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coas
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1102 Pacific Ave. Tacoma, Wash.
E. F. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Pgr. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria ..... Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 1 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 1 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.
For freight or stateroome apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

HONOLULU, BY O.S.S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!
The Oceanic Steamship Company
Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco,
FOR HONOLULU ONLY
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,709 tons) Saturday, February 17th, 1894, 2 p.m.
For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.
For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Saloon of Main Deck Steel Screw Steamer
Alameda....Thursday, March 8th, at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mails
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

Great Northern Railway
THE BUFFET LINE.
Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking roms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. A. HATTRAT, General Agent, No. 4 Adelphi Block, Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.
P. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. St. Paul, Minnesota.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Supposing

You try London Hospital Cough Cure for that cold.

COCHRANE & MUNN

Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates & Douglas St.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Shaving 10 cents. 101 Douglas st.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—Chief of Police Huston, of Westminster, is in the city.

—There will be a rehearsal of the opera "Mikado" to-night.

—Suits to order, $16; pants, $4. R. J. Matthews, 101 Douglas St.

—The Victoria Choral Society had a well attended rehearsal last night.

—Frank Wardell, the "fire fiend," will receive a "benefit" at the Delmonico.

—A. Henderson, barrister, of Westminster, arrived in the city last night. He is here on legal business.

Victoria lodge, K. of P., meet to-night to do rank work. A number of visiting knights will be present.

—Victoria Literary and Scientific Society will resume the adjourned debate on the land question to-night.

Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—There will be a magic lantern exhibition conducted by Mr. Murray at Sooke to-night, in aid of the Episcopal church.

—The ladies of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will give a concert and tableaux at Philharmonic Hall next Tuesday evening.

—A special meeting of the city council will be held on Friday afternoon to consider the estimates. No meeting will be held to-night.

—M. Davidson will open a dancing class for beginners, ladies and gentlemen, next Monday at 8 o'clock at Wallace Hall, Broad street.

—The Young People's Society of the First Presbyterian church held an "at home" at F. Gilchrist's house, King's road, last night to welcome home A. Gilchrist.

—The adjourned annual meeting of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, to have been held last night, was again postponed, as the managers' statement is not yet ready.

—The very pleasant socials which have been held every Tuesday evening at Harmony Hall, will in future be held at Wallace Hall every Thursday, from 8 till 11 p.m.

—An entertainment was given to the Christian Chinese last night by the joint missions of the Methodist and Presbyterian churches. Mrs. Lang gave a recitation in the Amoy dialect.

—Frederick J. Mesher of this city, and Miss Isabella Muir, daughter of Robert Muir of Sooke, were married on Tuesday evening at the home of F. J. Peats of Victoria West, by Rev. Joseph Hall.

—We deal only in first-class pianos, organs and sewing machines, a specialty of American goods. The popular Bush & Gerts piano of Chicago took the highest award at the World's Fair. T. W. Fletcher, agents, 47 Fort street.

—W. M. Brown and H. A. Brown, of Revelstoke, waited on the government yesterday and urged the construction of a wagon road from Revelstoke to the steamboat landing on the Columbia. They also asked for a road from Lardeau City to Trout Lake.

—The Paragon Oil took the highest award at the Chicago World's Fair. It equals the electric light in brilliancy; neither smoke nor smell. Read the label and see what you are using. We warrant the Paragon Oil not to smoke. Try it. $1.05 per can. The Paragon Oil Co., 51 Yates street.

—Bishop Perrin yesterday baptized one of the scholars of the Church of England Mission school at the cathedral. He was assisted by the Rev. E. F. Lipscombe, superintendent of the mission. A hymn in Chinese was sung and the bishop delivered an address to the teachers and pupils.

—The tug Lorne has returned from the cape where she went seeking. She reports the schooner Pioneer in Neah Bay with 57 sealskins taken during a cruise as far south as the Columbia river. The Pioneer lowered only three or four times and put into the bay last Friday to avoid the stormy weather. The Pioneer is the first Victoria sealer reported with any skins. The late storm did no damage to any of the vessels in Neah Bay.

—The Devoe case occupied three hours in the police court this morning. Frank Devoe, an employee in the electric light works, charges Mary Devoe, his wife, with stealing a quantity of furniture, and Frank Roy with having the stolen property in his possession. There were five or six witnesses who swore that the furniture belonged to the wife, while others testified to the contrary. Both cases were dismissed. The Devoes have been prominent in the police court for some time.

—The opera "Mikado" will be rehearsed this evening in Y. M. C. A. hall.

—Chief of Police Sheppard, who has been ill at St. Joseph's hospital, is reported to be improving.

—Sixty tons of chain for the new marine railway at Esquimalt have arrived at Vancouver and will be brought down by the Premier, one-half to-night and the other half to-morrow night. The chain was made at Liverpool.

—The pulpit of the congregation Emanuel will be occupied by the Rev. A. Brown, of Seattle, on Friday evening, Feb. 9th, 1894, at 7:30 o'clock. Subject of discourse, "Israel's Wonderful Preservation."

—The engine and cars for the Victoria & Sidney railway have reached Vancouver, and will at an early date be brought down by Cates & McDermott. The engine was built at Kingston and the cars at Cobourg. One of the cars is a combination baggage and smoker.

—"Open day and night," is the legend displayed at the Central drug store, Clarence block, corner of Yates and Douglas streets. We have been informed by the proprietor that a registered pharmacist is in attendance at all hours and that physicians' prescriptions are their specialty.

—The barkentine Wrestler is still on White rock, Esquimalt, the attempt made this morning to pull her off having failed. Another attempt will be made tomorrow morning. The steamer Danube has been chartered to help, and it is hoped with the extra power it will be successful. The vessel is in an exposed position, and a high wind would do her very severe damage.

—A public meeting has been called by Mayor Teague for Saturday afternoon at 4. The citizens' relief committee will then present their report, which was drawn up at a special meeting held on Wednesday afternoon. The relief committee is still keeping open the office in the market hall, but it is not of much use, as the corporation cannot put on any more men, and the provincial government, which was asked to help, has replied by referring the committee to a section of the municipal act which stipulates that each corporation shall provide for its own poor. The Canadian Pacific Navigation company employes have subscribed $111 to the funds of the Benevolent society.

—One of the funniest specialties ever seen on any stage is Fanny Rice's Cabinet performance, which she introduces in "A Jolly Surprise," and in which she gives imitations of Chevalier, the renowned London music hall favorite, Adelina Patti, Lottie Collins and other singers. The cabinet itself is in reality a miniature stage, on which Miss Rice introduces a number of manikin figures surmounted by her own shapely head, each one made up to represent the character impersonated. Miss Rice has had many imitators in this specialty, but it is claimed has never had an equal. Miss Rice's engagement is for two nights only. To-morrow night she will present her very successful musical comedy, "A Jolly Surprise," and on Saturday night Miss Rice's latest comedy hit, "Miss Innocence Abroad."

—At the regular meeting of Victoria West lodge, No. 29, I. O. G. T., on Wednesday evening the following officers were duly installed by Brother R. Semple, I. D.: Chief Templar, Brother G. W. Andrews; Vice Templar, Sister J. Semple; Secretary, Brother Dan Macdonald; Assistant Secretary, Sister J. Macdonald; Financial Secretary, Brother W. Earle; Treasurer, Sister E. Andrews; Chaplain, Sister Dyker; Marshal, Brother Dunnet; Guard, Sister S. Macdonald; Sentinel, Brother A. Vistue; Past Chief Templar, Sister Grace Andrews; Superintendent Juvenile Temple, Sister J. B. Semple; Assistant Superintendent Juvenile Temple, Sister Eva Andrews; Reporter, Brother D. Macdonald. A public entertainment will be given in aid of this lodge on Wednesday, 14th inst. A good programme will be presented, in which the Victoria West Amateur Dramatic society will take a prominent part.

Mainland Deputations.

The gentlemen composing the Westminster delegation to interview the government in reference to the Fraser river bridge arrived from the mainland last evening and are at the Driard. They will see the government this afternoon. The deputation comprises Mayor Hoy, City Solicitor McColl, Aldermen Duncan, Hay, Herring and Owens, and T. J. Trapp, president of the board of trade. Mayor R. A. Anderson of Vancouver, by request, accompanied the deputation. He also wishes to lay several matters before the government. At first it was intended that he should ask for certain amendments to Vancouver's charter, but it was decided just before he left to leave the matter over. The Chilliwack deputation was last evening reinforced by Reeve S. A. Cawley, and this evening they will interview the government relative to dyking and irrigation matters.

The Kingston to Return.

The steamer City of Kingston will return to the Victoria route on Monday next. The license of the North Pacific expired to-day and Messrs. Bryant and Bullene, U. S. inspectors of hulls and boilers, refused to renew it for the trip across the straits. They consented to have her run until Monday upon the representation that some of the Kingston's machinery had been taken apart for repairs and she could not be made ready for service without at least two days' notice.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

The only Pure Cre
Used in Million

Australian Mutton.

Ask your grocer for 7 lb. tin of the Grazier brand at 70c.

Wonderful One Dollar Shoes.

For men and boys, for women and girls, at Russell & McDonald's annual boot and shoe sale, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

Lien on the N. & F. S. Railway.

The appended despatch is from the Seattle Telegram of Wednesday:

Spokane, Feb. 6.—A lien for nearly $400,000 was filed against the Nelson & Fort Sheppard extension of the Spokane & Northern railroad by Peter Larson at Nelson, B. C., to-day. The contract for the building of the extension was let to Larson, who completed his contract about two months ago. The amount of the lien filed is for the unpaid half of the contract price. Larson, together with a number of sub-contractors, left here secretly on a special train at mid-night last night for Nelson to file the lien before any legal interference could be instituted. Only a few days of grace remained in which to file the lien. D. C. Corbin, president of the road, is now in New York city to raise money to pay off this indebtedness. The road will continue to operate as usual.

Law Intelligence.

The appeal in Lam Sing v. McGillivray was heard before Mr. Justice Walkem and Mr. Justice Drake this morning. This was an appeal to two judges of the supreme court from an order of Judge Bole setting aside the verdict of the jury and ordering a new trial. The action was brought by Lam Sing against Donald McGillivray of New Westminster, contractor, as guarantor for the price of goods sold to one Lambert or in the alternative as the principal debtor. At the trial at Chilliwack on November 30th, 1893, the evidence on both sides was given, and the only question put to the jury was "to whom was credit given?" and the jury decided it was given to McGillivray. Subsequently, on the motion for judgment, Judge Bole set aside the verdict of the jury on the ground that it was against the evidence, as no guarantee had been proved, and ordered a new trial. From that order the plaintiff now appeals. When E. M. N. Woods, New Westminster, for the plaintiff, opened the appeal, A. Henderson, New Westminster, for the defendant, took the preliminary objection that the notice of appeal was bad, in that it gave no grounds of appeal as required by rule 671 of the supreme court rules. The appeal was neither to the divisional court nor to the full court, but to two judges of the supreme court, and the court expressed some doubt as to whether or not the notice of appeal had to set out the grounds of appeal, but held that in any event leave to amend could be granted. The appeal then went on, and the court, without calling on Mr. Henderson for the respondent dismissed it with costs, being of the opinion that there was no evidence that the defendant was either a guarantor or a principal creditor, and that Judge Bole was in consequence right in upsetting the verdict of the jury. The case will now go back to the New Westminster county court for trial.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Foward in the Sporting World.

FOOTBALL.

VICTORIA V. WESTMINSTER.

The Victoria and Westminster football teams will play at Queen's park, Westminster, on Saturday. The teams are: Victoria—H. Pottlerow, back; A. D. Crease, F. Smith and J. Foulkes, three-quarter backs; C. W. Ward and R. A. White, half-backs; H. E. M. Jones (captain), W. H. Langley, J. Fraser, F. Wollaston, E. A. C. Gibson, P. Hibben, G. L. Sidey, D. O'Sullivan and J. O'Reilly, forwards. Westminster—Rev. P. Woods, back; E. O. Malins, A. Malins and A. N. Other, three-quarter backs; A. Greene, H. T. Tovey and T. Neville, half-backs; R. B. Lister (captain, W. Allson, P. McLorin, W. Moresby, C. Leamy, G. C. Hodge, F. Kelly and W. C. Welark, forwards.

The Victoria team will hold their final practice at the hill this afternoon.

VICTORIA V. NANAIMO.

The Victoria Association football team will go to Nanaimo on Saturday to play the Rangers. The teams are: Nanaimo—Goal, Walter Pride; backs, F. English, M. Duffie; half-backs, W. Wilson, A. Forester, C. Bamford; centre, R. Thompson; right wing, Adam Thompson, W. Gray; left wing, Norton Reilly and N. York. Victoria—Boyd, Skeele, Glen, Donaldson, Blackburn, A. Goward, Rae, Wilson, B. Goward, Peden, G. Goward and A. N. Other. The Victorias practiced this afternoon.

ATHLETICS.

TRUSTEES AND MANAGERS.

At the annual meeting of the James Bay Athletic association on Tuesday evening the following were elected trustees: H. D. Helmcken, J. D. Helmcken, George Byrnes, J. S. Yates, and E. O. Finlayson. Managers—Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, A. J. DeLain, D. O'Sullivan, R. Jones, E. E. Billingshurst, F. A. Gowen, G. F. Askew, J. Fraser, H. B. Haines, and W. D. Aden.

THE TURF.

SALE OF TROTTERS.

New York, Feb. 7.—At the second day's sale of trotters held at the American Institute this morning, Hazel Wilkes, owned by William Corbett, San Mateo, Cal., was sold to W. S. Hobart of San Francisco for $5,500. Corbett's assignment, consisting of six head, realized $13,820.

Marine

The steamship Mogul, Captain Golding, sailed for Japan and China last night. She carried away a cargo of 2,200 tons, made up principally of flour and condensed milk. Four cabin passengers from Tacoma, sixteen steerage passengers from Victoria and ten steerage passengers from Tacoma made up that list.

Personal.

W. Hargreaves, Winnipeg, is in the city.
Max Leiser, returned this morning from Pendleton.
H. E. Crossdaile arrived this morning from Kootenay.
A. VanVolkenburg arrived up from the Sound this morning.

WILBY—FLEMMING—On the 7th Feb., at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Wm. Sutherland, View street, James Wilby to Sarah Flemming, Colchester, N. S.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz
"CORONAS" $5 per doz.

The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic. These prices are for Xmas trade. Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

THE MARKETS

A Short Summary Covering Articles Produced by the Farmer.

There was a heavy supply of eastern poultry in the market this wek, and there is rather a lively war of price cutting among those who are handling it. There is also considerable eastern mutton and beef in the market, which is being sold under market prices. The market has few features this week. A few rabbits brought in sold readily at 50 cents a piece, and other consignment would do well. An advance in potatoes is not improbable.

Retail prices are below:

Flour	
Salem	5 75
Ogilvie's (Hungarian)	6 00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6 00
Premier	6 00
Three Star	5 75
Victoria	5 75
Lion	5 75
Royal	5 50
Wheat, per ton	30 00@40 00
Oats, per ton	32 50@35 00
Barley, per ton	32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	30 00
Bran, per ton	27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lb	50
Oatmeal, per 10 lb	50
Rolled Oats, per lb	6
Potatoes, per bag	1 50
Honolulu sweet potatoes	5c per lb
Cabbage	3
Hay, baled, per ton	18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb	3
Eggs, Island, per doz	30
Imported eggs	25
Australian sugar, per pound	6 1-2
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	60@75
New Zealand Creamery, per lb	35
" Creamery, per 3 lbs	1 00
Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail	20
" American, per lb	18@20
Hams, American, per lb	20@22
" Canadian, per lb	17@22
Bacon, American, per lb	22
" Rolled, per lb	18
" Long clear, per lb	17
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard, per lb	18@20
Pig's feet, per doz	75
Tongues and Sounds, per kit	2 25
Meats—Beef, per lb	7@15
Sides, per lb	8@9
Mutton, per lb	10@15
Pork, fresh, per lb	12@15
Chickens, per pair	1.50@2 00
Turkeys, per lb	20@25
Geese, per lb	20@25
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	10@12
Rabbits, apiece	50
Salmon (Smoked), per lb	8@10
Halibut	10@12
Smoked halibut	12 1-2
Cod, per lb	8@10
" (Skin), per lb	12 1-2
Small fish	5@6
Smelts, per lb	10@12
Sturgeon, per lb	7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked) "	50
Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart	75
Fruits—Apples, per pound	5@8
Oranges	
" (Mexican)	30@35
" (Japanese), per box	75
Lemons, California, per doz	25@35
" (Australian)	50@60
Pine apples, apiece	25@50
Cranberries, per quart	15@20

LA GRIPPE'S VICTIM.

A Former Victorian's Death—Bridge Foreman Badly Hoat.

Vancouver, Feb. 8.—C. Z. Perry, manager for the Sun Life Assurance Company, formerly of Victoria, died this morning of complications following la grippe, aged 40.

L. McPhillips went over to Victoria today to attend the meeting of the benchers.

Joseph Miller, bridge foreman for the C. P. R., was brought down from North Bend this morning seriously injured by falling from the end of a bridge.

Beauty Among English Women.

Last year's beauties are reigning again this season in London. The Duchess of Sutherland, Georgiana Lady Dudley, Lady Brooke, who has just become Countess of Warwick; Lady Henry FitzGerald, Lady Powis and Lady de Trafford still hold their own against all newcomers. Princess Henry of Pless, Mrs. Hanbury, Lady Chelsea, Lady Rosemore and Mrs. Lancelot Lowther, among the married belles and Lady Ulrica Duncombe, Lady Sophia Cadogan, and Miss Muriel Wilson, among the unmarried beauties, are all attracting much attention. But the sensation of the season was Princess Helene d'Orleans, who is beautiful even beyond the privilege of a princess. Women of the middle classes are said to be much handsomer now than they were twenty years ago in England, taller, better formed and more brilliant in coloring. The typical English girl is as daintily pink and white and modest as Burns' crimson-tipped flower." The typical English wife is a rather colorless and uninteresting type with the pink faded out of her cheeks, the gold dulled to dun brown in the hair, the blue dulling to grey in her eyes, and after this comes the blotchy stage, particularly with women greatly addicted to the heavy burgundies and clarets of the English dinner. But owing to international marriage this new type of beauty, with stronger coloring united to the fine English physique, is becoming more and more common and varies the general average of English beauty several degrees.—New York Sun.

Mrs. Anna Sutherland

Kalamazoo, Mich., had swellings in the neck, or From her 10th Goitre year, causing 40 Years great suffering. When she caught cold could not walk two blocks without fainting. She took

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And is now free from it all. She has urged many others to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and they have also been cured. It will do you good.

HOOD'S PILLS Cure all Liver Ills, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Nausea.

FOR 3 WEEKS ONLY

Winter Suits at Rock-bottom Prices that cannot be approached by any other House in the west.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
No. 86 Government Street.

EASTERN POULTRY

At the New CITY MARKET

Fresh arrival of TURKEYS, CEESE and CHICKENS, from Smith's Falls, Ont.
Also Grain Fed MUTTON, from Prince Edward Island.

The above is all in first class order and will be sold at the following prices retail:—Turkeys, 18c. per lb.; Geese, 16c. per lb.; Chickens, 12½c., Mutton, fore quarters, 7c. per lb.; Mutton, hind quarters, 11c. per lb.

Housekeepers and caterers are respectfully asked to take advantage of these low prices.

WM. BEECH, New City Market.

Argyle House

Just Received
The following

SPECIAL BARGAINS

20 Yds. White Calico for $1.00.

12 Yds. Good Gingham for $1.00,

Very Wide Flanelette, worth 15c. a yard, for 12 1-2 cts.

Fancy Flanelettes, worth 16 1-2c. for 12 1-2 cts.

A Very Nice Line of Diagonal Dress Goods, in Plain Colors, worth 50c. a yd., for 35c.

Remnants of Embroideries, Laces, Tickings, Calicoes, Toweling, Linens, Dress Goods, &c., &c.

VERY CHEAP

J. Horner & Co.

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PLEASANT TAKE
POWERFUL TO CURE

CELERY KING'S LIVER LOZENGES. 50 CENTS A BOX.

They do not nauseate or make ill or weaken the system as pills and other purgatives do, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Piles, Sallowness and all disease arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

Fresh Butter

It's very annoying to the good housekeepers to obtain from their grocer something of the appearance of butter, but lacking the flavor so much sought after.

In order to provide the desired article we have bought a large quantity of the

Dominion Creamery

THE BEST IN CANADA.

and are daily expecting its arrival.

All our groceries are the best, consequeatly are the cheapest.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

A Wonderful Print Shirt Sale

A most phenomenal Shirt Sale will take place at the Mechanics Store, Wednesday.

Over ten dozen of

Regular $1.00 Shirts,
Regular $1.25 Shirts,
Regular $1.50 Shirts,
Regular $1.75 Shirts,

Small patterns, large patterns, dark patterns, light patterns, all sizes from 14 to 16½, collars and cuffs separate or attached, will be offered Wednesday for **50c.**

And Thursday, too—if there are any left.

Cameron,

The Cash Clothier,
55 Johnson Street.

The Improved Royal Incubator

Simple and reliable; hatches all kinds of eggs. Hundreds in successful operation. Send for circular, free. Address J. S. SMITH, Incubator Works, Chilliwack, B. C. J12-3m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NANAIMO NOTES.

The Lost Estelle—A Life Reader and a Phrenologist Taxed.

Nanaimo, Feb. 8.—Mr. A. Haslim chartered the steamer Brunette yesterday, and in company with Captain Christensen, sr., left about 2 o'clock for Campbell river, where they will endeavor to ascertain the fate of the steamer Estelle. J. N. McDougall, brother-in-law to Mr. Haslam, was on board. The former only recently became interested in the vessel by purchasing a half interest, and at that time she was valued at $20,000. The Estelle is insured for $15,000 in the California Sun Marine Co.

An amusing case was brought before Magistrate Planta yesterday, in which one fakir attempted to expose another. Dr. Onequi and his wife arrived here a few days ago and hung out their shingle with the words "Life Reader" on it. A little later the city clerk called around and demanded $50, which after much protestation was paid. Then came Prof. Cozens, a graduate of the New York Phrenological Institute, and accordingly he hung out his sign as a phrenologist. The doctor being anxious to ascertain if his colleague had paid his tax sent his wife as a detective and discovered that he had not and the result was that the professor was called to court. The evidence of both parties amused the loungers around the court room, and the magistrate decided to reserve judgment until Friday afternoon.

The Nanaimo fire department intend to ask the city council to take charge of the apparatus as for a long time those who have had charge of it have done so without being remunerated.

FIRE CHIEFS' CONVENTION.

Delegates From British Columbia Take a Leading Part.

San Francisco, Feb. 6.—The second annual convention of the Pacific Coast association of Fire Chiefs met to-day and was called to order by President H. M. Lillis. Fifty chiefs and ex-chiefs of fire departments were in attendance. Gardner Kellogg, of Seattle, ex-president of the association, said: "It has been the ambition of my life to get this organization started. We have been busily working at it four or five years. Our first convention was held at Portland a year ago, when there was a small representation compared with what we have now. I hope we will go home with an increased fund of information. This is simply a school of study for the benefit of those for whom we render service. I hope the next convention will be even better represented than this and the districts which have no delegates in attendance will answer the roll call."

The president appointed as a committee on credentials Chief Gay, of Victoria; Chief D. A. Moriarity, of Los Angeles, and Chief J. Buchtel, of Portland. The association has prepared a series of topics to be discussed by the convention. Chief D. A. Ackerman, of New Westminster, was assigned the first two, and in an interesting paper he considered them jointly. They were "The best plan to organize fire departments in small cities and towns," and "How are paid departments applicable to small towns and villages?" Chief Ackerman said that the call system was the most favorable in small cities. He recommended for cities of 5,000 inhabitants the establishment of three stations, located in the most desirable places. All towns of 5,000 inhabitants could afford and should have paid departments. The cost would not be more than $12,000 a year. The subject was then discussed by the convention. Secretary Worsley, of Astoria, said that he was convinced that his city would be much benefited if its volunteer department were made a paid department. Walter S. Moore spoke in the same strain. The association then adjourned in respect for the memory of the late David Scannell, and Chiefs Kellogg, Kerns and Sullivan were appointed a committee to draft resolutions.

At the evening session the president appointed two committees as follows: Auditing, Chiefs McClellan, of Olympia; Brisbin and Cairnes; on exhibits, Chief Sullivan, of San Francisco; Ackerman, Hunt, Rolf and Buchtel. After the reading of resolutions in respect to the memory of Chief Scannel, Chief Deasy, of Victoria, read his paper on the importance of insurance companies discriminating in rates in favor of cities having paid fire departments, and it was discussed in connection with the paper read in the afternoon by Chief Ackerman. In this discussion the last named chief led. Chief Sullivan said insurance companies had offered to reduce insurance 10 per cent. in any district where the fire department was put on a full paid basis. Chief Deasy said that until San Francisco and Portland have full paid departments Victoria and other smaller cities cannot expect to get them. Chief Buchtel, of Portland, spoke of the difficulty in getting people awakened to the importance of a paid department, and said insurance companies paid back $180,000 in premiums on that account. Secretary Worsley, of Astoria; ex-Chief Moore, of Los Angeles; Chief Brisbin, of Whatcom; President Lillis and others joined in the discussion, and on motion of Chief Buchtel, a resolution was adopted recommending the establishment of partially or fully paid departments in all cities on the coast as a means of lowering insurance rates.

THE BENCH SHOW.

Partial List of Awards for the Dogs on Exhibition.

There was an increased attendance today at the bench and poultry show in the Market hall, the ladies being present in almost as large numbers as the sterner sex. The judging is proceeding very slowly and it will be night before the ribbons are all distributed and the cards posted. Interest this afternoon centred in the award of special prizes in the collie class. That offered by Dr. Hamilton for the best dog went to G. R. W. Stuart's Marker, while that of William McKeon, jr., for the best dog or bitch was given to J. B. Carmichael's bitch Metchley Florrie. The experts are busy this afternoon scoring the poultry. Below is a partial list of the awards for dogs:

Mastiffs—Dogs: 1, Sultan, owner, W. G. Baird; 2, Trust, owner, H. D. Irvine.

St. Bernards—Dogs: 1, Mrs. Bourchier's Brace; 2, F. T. Sherborn's Bosco. Dog puppies—1, with G. 2, F. W. Hall's Duke; reserve, Dr. G. L. Milne's Leo II.

Newfoundlands—Dogs: 2, H. Kline's Prince.

Collies—Dogs: 1, G. R. W. Stuart's Marker; 2, W. A. Richardson's Roy; V. H. C. Reserve, W. S. Chambers' McGregor III. Bitches—1, J. B. Carmichael's Metchley Florrie; 2, Thos. Fairfoul's Bristonhill. Mat. Puppies—Dogs: 1, J. S. Bowker's Walter C. Bitches—L. S. Miller's Dido 1; H. D. Irvine's Pensarn Zella; 2, W. J. McKeon Jr.'s Miss Chance, Reserve.

English Setters—Dogs: 1, F. G. Walker's Trust; 2, F. T. Turner's Marc. Bitches—1, P. J. Packard's Addie Gladstone; 2, F. T. Turner's Nellie; V. H. C. Reserve, F. T. Turner's Lolo Monte II. Dogs puppies—1, and 2, Alex. Hendry. Bitches—P. J. Packard's Belle of Victoria.

Gordon Setters—Dogs: 1, W. Bickford's Shot; 2, A. Almanzia's Boy A. Bitches—W. Bickford's ellie. Puppies—Dog: A. Almanzia's Sport, 1st. Bitches, 1, A. Almanzia's Bell.

Beagle Hounds—Bitches: Geo. A. Janes' Dott, 1.

Greyhounds—Bitches: 1, Wm. McKeon's Blue Bell.

Staghounds—1, J. Cameron's Brindle.

Pointers—Dogs: 1, E. J. Walls' Clover; commended, Geo. A. Janes' Sport. Bitches: 1, E. J. Walls' Dina; 2, Geo. A. Janes' Fanny; bitch pup 2nd, E. J. Walls' Baby.

Irish Setters—Dogs: 1, Mrs. L. F. Perrin's Ireland Yet; 2, Dr. Duncan's Pat; V. H. C. Reserve, Wm. McKeon's Frank. Bitches: 1, Mrs. L. F. Perrin's Irish Lass and 2nd, Dr. Duncan's Topsy. Puppies, dog: 1st, J. McB. Smith's Dasher; 2, C. E. Pooley's Patsy.

Pugs—Dogs: 1st, W. P. Frank's Royal; Bitches: commended, W. P. Frank's Goddess.

Japanese Feejees Dogs—1st, C. Phillips' Sport.

Cocker Spaniel Dogs, black—1st, G. L. Milne's Capt. Hunter; 2nd, J. S. Graham's Mount Tolmie. Bitches, black: 1st, G. L. Milne's Dock; 2nd, J. S. Graham's Baby Mine. Puppies, dogs: 1st, G. L. Milne's Geo. Lawson; 2nd, Charles Dempster's Rideau; raven bitches, G. L. Milne's Nellie M; 2nd, G. L. Milne's Lizzie Cole; red bitch, 1st, G. L. Milne's Lady Sylvia; liver dog, 1st, Miss Maude Chambers' Mac; liver bitch, 1st, G. L. Milne's Lady Dallas; black and white bitch, 1st, George Jay's Nettie; liver and white dog, 1st, Duncan Stuart's Jack; liver and white bitch, 1st, Geo. Jay's Fanny; black and white puppy dog, 1st, Master A. Chandler's Doc; black and white puppy bitch, 1st, F. T. Turner's Peg; 2nd, Chas. Wilson's Nellie.

Rough Coated Great Dane—Dog: Puppy, 1st, Wm. McKeon's Grover.

Beagle Bitch—1st, Geo. A. Janes' Dot.

Bedlington dog—1st, D. Patterson's Fido; bitch, 1st D. Patterson's, Blue Snag.

Bibles in All Languages.

Some interesting particulars of that portion of the catalogue of the British Museum Library, now in progress of publication, which is devoted to the sculptures, is furnished in the article on the Bible in the Library of the British Museum, in The Quarterly. At present, only Part I has appeared, comprising complete Bibles in all languages. The next instalment is expected to contain the different editions of the Hebrew Old Testament, together with issues of separate parts, or of the whole, with and without commentaries. After this there will probably be a third part, given up to the New Testament and its various books, which it is supposed will be the largest and most important of the three, as its compilation will undoubtedly be the most laborious. It is curious to find by the first entry in the published part that the museum possesses only one issue of the Bible as a whole in its two original languages, Hebrew and Greek. This is the edition published by Michael is at Leipsig in 1741. It is noted by The Quarterly reviewer that of the principal nations of Europe, the number of columns occupied by German and Dutch Bibles is between 30 and 40, that by French about 12, by Italians 4, and by Spanish and Portuguese a column and a half. This, however, as might be expected, only approximately represents the numbers of editions of the complete Bible as published in the vernacular in these countries.

Dickens' Law Clerks.

Mr. Spray, honorary treasurer of the United Law Clerks' Society, has made a diligent search in the novels of Scott and Thackeray, but has not found among all their personages a single example of a lawyer's clerk. And he has been led to doubt whether any writer of note before Dickens repaired the omission. Dickens, however, has made ample amends. He knew lawyers' clerks well, and has presented us, Mr. Spray finds, with no fewer than sixteen of them, all of different characteristics, not to speak of others casually alluded to. Mr. Swiveller, who does not remember? And John Wemmick, and Lawten, and Mr. Guppy, and Uriah Heep? In one respect Mr. Spray, whose amusing address is published by Cox & Sons, of Chancery lane, is afraid that lawyers' clerks have made no progress since Charles Dickens' day—that is, in the matter of remuneration. The spread of education and the higher standard of education attained by the people of this country, we are told, overstocked the market with the material out of which lawyers' clerks may be formed. The lad whose parents cannot afford to appreciate him when he leaves school now competes with the class whose parents (foolishly, as Mr. Spray thinks) are too proud to put their sons to a trade. And so to-day it requires greater effort and a higher intelligence than ever before for a clerk to obtain a post in a lawyer's office.—London Daily News.

VARIATION OF THE COMPASS.

Terrestrial Magnetism in North America Discussed.

In the Transactions of the American Society of Civil Engineers, New York, October, is a paper by Mr. Charles A. Schott, embodying an historical sketch of the progress of knowledge in the science of terrestrial magnetism, which, he tells us, had no existence in the days of Columbus. In his time but little more could be gathered of magnetic phenomena than the ancient knowledge of the attraction of the lodestone for iron, and the directive force of magnetism as shown in the magnetic needle. It was known that in the southwestern part of Europe the needle pointed slightly to the eastward, and it was supposed that the variation at all places was the same.

Yet we owe to Columbus the discovery of a point in the north Atlantic on passing which on September 13, 1492, in latitude 28.21 and in longitude 29.16 west from Greenwich, he noticed that the variation changed from the east to the west side of the meridian. He was closely followed by Sebastian Cabot (1497-98), who found further north and 110 miles west of Flores (Azores) a second point of the same kind. The variation along the Atlantic coast of North America, north of latitude 40 (about), has remained westerly to this day, but south of this parallel it has changed to easterly.

The magnetic dip was unknown to Columbus. It was discovered by Hartmann in 1544, but he was unable to measure it, and the discovery is generally ascribed to Norman, who in his work published in 1576 called it "The Most Attractive." A far more difficult problem than that involving merely direction was how to measure the intensity of the magnetic force. As was the case with the variation, the invariability of the intensity of the magnetic force of the earth was at first believed in, and when it was recognized that its force near the polar regions was greater than near the equator the difficulty of comparing intensities was not easily overcome. Humboldt during his travels in tropical America, noted the position of a point in the magnetic equator in Peru, and for some time this point was made the standard for the measurement of magnetic intensities.

In a memoir published in 1833, Gauss, the eminent German mathematician, showed how the magnetic intensity could be expressed in absolute measure. His "Theory of Terrestrial Magnetism," published in 1833, is styled by the late Sir G. Airy, "one of the most beautiful and the most important that has appeared for many years in physical mathematics." In this treatise the general theory of terrestrial magnetism is developed independent of any particular hypothesis as to its nature and distribution, the magnetic force at any place being attributed to the collective action of all the magnetic particles of the earth's mass, and mathematical expressions being deduced, whence the declination, dip and intensity may be calculated for any place.

As an example of the use of his results may be mentioned the much vexed question of the number of magnetic poles on earth, raised by the discovery of regions in which there were abnormal disturbances of the needle. Staff Commander Creak, R. N., pointed out the Bermudas and Hawaiian group as regions of remarkable disturbance. But the greatest deviation of the needle due to local causes was recently discovered at a place off the east coast of Australia. It would seem that the magnetism in excess of the normal of these local foci is of the same character as that of the pole of the respective magnetic hemisphere. In the United States Kentucky apparently shows local deflections on a large scale. But Gauss' theory, as dependent on observations, proves that there are but two magnetic poles on the globe. There could not be an odd number, and Halley's conception of four poles was announced at a time when but few observations had been made, and is obscured by confounding poles with local foci of maximum intensity; the latter, in the northern hemisphere, being two large regions, one (the stronger) west of Hudson Bay, the other in central Siberia. These foci seem to be in some way related to regions of maximum cold.

For the development of the theory of terrestrial magnetism, a knowledge of the position of the poles is of great moment; hence, direct observations in their vicinity, as far as accessible, are specially valuable; yet, notwithstanding the increased facilities for Arctic travelling, the bold dash of Sir James Ross to the American pole on the shore of Boothia, in 1831, has not been repeated, and we are yet almost in total ignorance of whether or not the pole holds a nearly fixed position. To clear up this question, a magnetic expedition to this region would be highly desirable. To accomplish this effectively, science would now demand a complete magnetic survey of the region surrounding the pole. To locate the position of the American focus of maximum total intensity is (nevertheless) local irregularities of distribution would defeat any attempt.

As Useless as Dangerous.

Recent experiments by Dr. William Moor, of New York, with permaganate of potash as an antidote for morphine poisoning, have astonished the profession as well as the laity. These demonstrations have now been supplemented by him with experiments as to the efficacy of the same drug as an antidote for poisoning by strychnine. Dr. Moor has not yet announced the result of the latter experiments, but it is scarcely likely that he will have the hardihood to swallow strychnine as he did morphine, for the former acts with lightning-like rapidity, and usually with deadly effect before any remedial agent can be administered. Some experienced medical men do not look with very much favor upon the expedients adopted by Dr. Moor. The professor of chemistry and physics in the New York College of Pharmacy, indeed, talks boldly out in this fashion:

"I regard the doctor's swallowing of a fatal dose of morphine and counteracting its effect by immediately swallowing double the quantity of permaganate of potash more as a sort of chemical trick than the demonstration of the value of permaganate of potash as an antidote for morphine poisoning generally. Its efficacy would depend largely upon the conditions under which it was administered. In any event it would have to be given almost simultaneously with the morphine, for if the latter had entered the circulation all the permaganate of potash in the world would do no good.

"The same antidote has been used in cases of poisoning by prussic acid. It would act the same in poisoning by strychnine if it could be administered quickly enough, but strychnine produces tetanus so quickly that the jaws would be likely to be immovably set before the antidote could be given. I do not deem Dr. Moor's experiments, so far as I know about them, of any great importance, and I think his swallowing poison himself, instead of administering it to a dog or other animal while experimenting, is foolhardy and extremely dangerous."

The Elephant's Courage.

"An elephant is an arrant coward," said an animal trainer. "I am acquainted with the actual brute, but I never met the elephant that the writers tell about, that never forgets or forgives an injury, but will protect those who treat it kindly. I had charge of an elephant once that had a vicious disposition, but he would do anything I wanted him to. I used to prod him with sharp steel and otherwise impress upon him that I was master and intended to remain so. An underkeeper went on the kindness theory and treated the big animal as kindly as though it were a member of his own family. After we had been together about a year I was awakened one night in a little Nebraska town by human shrieks in the elephants' quarters. Rushing to the place, I found the underkeeper being crushed to death. As soon as the cowardly pachyderm saw me he trembled in every muscle, dropped the man and tried to run, but I gave him a lesson with my steel rod that he never forgot. Then I picked up the man, who I supposed was dead—but found that he had received only a broken arm and a broken rib as a result of his kindness to the elephant. He got well in a few weeks, went to the elephant and punctured him with a steel prod until the big fellow bellowed for mercy. After that we were all together for four years, but the elephant never again attempted to injure us."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Alex Henderson, Jno Campbell, Justice Drake, S A Cawley, A M Herring, T J Trapp, A S Vedder, D McGillvray, J Stratton, A C Harvey, J A Thompson, A Robinson, J A Gill, S C Kirk, R D Kenmond, T Owens, G A Smith, Andrew Leamy, W A Duncean, T R Pearson, A C Wells, J L Atkinson, J Not, W Grey, H V Burner, E Griffiths, J Cox, J H Adams, E Palmer, F Adams, W Huston, A J McColl, J Cunningham, R Balfour, H Hoy, M McLeod, J A Whittier, R A Anderson, E Dillingham, D W Gillies, Jas McArthur, H Courtney, E V Bodwell.

Per North Pacific from the Sound—T L Armstrong, Max Leiser, M Stirend, P Brown, Mrs Svenson, H E Croasdaile, P McTeigh, C A Brown, L L Dale, G L Thorsen, A VanVolkenburg, J A Forbes, O R Hilder, F G Wilson, T Woodfield, A E Chaffey, F Patterson, Mrs Fisher.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Miss Agnnell, Wm Beach, Dom Ex Co.

Per North Pacific from the Sound—Nat Elec T & T Co., B C Pottery, E & N R Co, G O Elliott, Sehl, Hastie Erskine Co, Bannerman.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Bros & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tuthsw

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Painless Extraction of Teeth!

Having purchased from Dr. Kellogg, of Chicago, the sole right to use his local anesthetic in Victoria, I am now prepared to extract teeth

Absolutely Without Pain.

This medicine is a perfectly safe local anesthetic, having been used on over 30,000 patients without a bad result.

By applying it to the gums the living pulp or nerve can be extirpated without a vestige of pain, which has not been hitherto accomplished by any local application.

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Everyone pleased with the Bargains we offer.
Some rare bargains to be had yet in Remnants, Dress Goods, Mantles, Furs, Quilts and Blankets.
A Few Dozens of those Kid Gloves at 60c. left. You should have a pair before they are all gone.
Remember this sale will only last for the balance of this month, and now is the time to take advantage of it. We have still a fine lot of Remnants at Half Price. Call and see them.

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Victoria, B. C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

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In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

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